

Undergraduate Syllabus

For

Four Year BA (Honours) Programme

Under Semester System

(starting from the session 2014-15)



Department of Islamic History and Culture
University of Dhaka

Undergraduate Syllabus

For Four Years Bachelor of Arts Programme

Under Semester System, Starting from Session 2014-15

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University of Dhaka

Revised (3rd) Edition

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FOREWORD

The need for a standardized, modern and updated curriculum for the Department of Islamic History & Culture has been felt for quite sometime both by the teachers and students of the department. With the introduction of Undergraduate Programme for the students pursuing four-year semester system starting from the session 2006-2007, it became imperative to translate this need into reality. At length through spirited team work and spontaneous cooperation of the teachers of this discipline, the new curriculum has finally seen the light of the day. Special mention must be made over here of the Syllabus Committee in which Professor Dr. Perween Hasan was the Convenor while the members were Professor AKM Idris Ali, Professor Dr. Mohammad Ibrahim, Professor Dr. Md. Akhtaruzzaman, Professor Dr. Md. Tawfiqul Haider, Mr. Mohammad Siddiqur Rahman Khan and Mr. A.K.M. Khademul Haque. Professor Dr. Najma Begum, the then Chairperson, was the member-secretary. This may well nigh be considered as an important milestone in the long sixty years journey of this Department since its inception in 1948.

In 2010 another committee headed by Professor AKM Idris Ali revised and updated the content of the syllabus. The honourable members of the committee were Professor Dr. Perween Hasan, Professor Dr. Mohammad Ibrahim, Mr. Mohammad Siddiqur Rahman Khan and Mr. A.K.M. Khademul Haque. The third edition is actually a corrected version of the second edition.

In the sequence of the four-year B.A. Honours Programme CORE/MAJOR courses offered have been vividly focused in this syllabus. Due importance has been given to ENGLISH LANGUAGE by including it in the very entry year of academic programme. Some courses identified as 'elective' / 'optional' have also been offered to the students for proper appreciation of inter-disciplinary studies and improve cognitive learning.

It is hoped that the publication of long cherished newly designed curriculum will provide fresh impetus to the process of teaching vis-a-vis learning both for the teacher and the taught. The broad spectrum of topics offered in the new programme is expected to yield positive result in terms of producing graduates who by acquiring optimum knowledge in the discipline pursued can strive to cope with the needs of the changing times.

Md. Mahfuzul Islam
Professor & Chairman

DEPARTMENT OF ISLAMIC HISTORY AND CULTURE AN INTRODUCTION

Within the fold of Faculty of Arts, University of Dhaka (founded 1921) the Department of Islamic History and Culture was established in 1948 under the supervision of Professor Abdul Halim, the then Head of the Department of History. The first regular Head of this Department was Professor Dr. A.B.M. Habibullah. There were then only two teachers viz; Mr. Shamsuddin Miah and Mr. A.H.M. Muhiuddin and by 1951 the number of teachers in the Department increased to five. The Department started to function with Masters Preliminary course in 1948-49 and subsequently B.A.(Honours) course with subsidiary was introduced in 1950-51 which has been discontinued in 1994-95. The curriculum was streamlined to form three groups each having distinct themes. Group A (MODERN MUSLIM STATES), Group B (SOCIOLOGICAL HISTORY OF ISLAM) and Group C (ISLAMIC ART AND ARCHAEOLOGY). From 2006 semester system has been introduced at the undergraduate level.

Besides these, M Phil and Ph.D. research programmes are also being offered by the Department. To bring the Department at par with modern broad-based and scientific education prevalent in the western world, new courses are also being introduced in the curriculum, for example, Modern Muslim World and Globalization; Women and Islam and Muslim Minorities in the Contemporary World.

The Department of Islamic History and Culture was the first to have a Departmental Seminar in 1953 (now named as Abu Mohamed Habibullah Smriti Pathagar) and a Departmental Museum in 1970 (now named as M.R. Tarafdar Smriti Museum). Educational tours and annual picnic were also started in 1954. Within the span of nearly 55 years, due to the invaluable contribution of its educators, researchers and scholars the discipline of Islamic History and Culture stands as a unique example of academic excellence and research. The galaxy of

illustrious teachers and scholars of this Department like like Professor Dr. A.B.M. Habibullah, Professor Dr. Shamsuddin Miah, Dr. Mazed Khan, Dr. S.A.Q. Hussaini, Professor Dr. S.M. Imamuddin, Professor Dr. Muhammad Serajul Islam, Professor Dr. Mamtazur Rahman Tarafdar, Professor Latifa Akanda, Professor Reza-i-Karim, Professor A.K.M. Abdul Alim, Professor Dr. P.I.S. Mustafizur Rahman, Dr. Sufia Ahmed (National Professor), Professor Dr. Safiuddin Joarder, Professor Md. Musa Ansari, Professor Dr. Habiba Khatun, Professor AKM Idris Ali, Professor Dr. Ayesha Begum, Professor Dr. Perween Hasan, Professor Dr. Taj I. Hashmi, Professor Md. Muzammil Haque, Professor Mohammad Shamsul Haque, Professor Zakaria Khan, Professor Dr. Md. Akhtaruzzaman, Professor Dr. Muhammad Ibrahim, Professor Dr. Najma Begum, Professor Dr. Mohammad Tawfiqul Haider, Professor Md. Mahfuzul Islam, Professor Dr. Md. Aatur Rahman Miazi, Professor Dr. Md. Mosharraf Hossain Bhuiyan, Professor Aatur Rahman Biswas, Professor Dr. A K M Golam Rabbani, Professor Dr. Abdul Bashir and Professor Dr. Mohammad Siddiqur Rahman Khan have produced a host of brilliant works in their respective areas of specialization which have been appreciated widely in the academic circles.

The younger generations of teachers are also not lagging behind in this respect. They have already acquired doctoral degree from Universities at home and abroad, while the newest batch of teachers are equally conscientious about further research. All of them work as a team and strive hard for further enrichment of the Department through dedicated teaching and devoted research.

List of Teachers

Professor :

1. Professor Dr.Akhtaruzzaman
2. Professor Dr. Mohammad Ibrahim
3. Professor Dr. Md. Tawfiqul Haider
4. Professor Md. Mahfuzul Islam
5. Professor Mosharrof Hossain Bhuyian
6. Professor Dr. Aatur Rahman Miazi
7. Professor Aatur Rahman Bishwas
8. Professor Dr. A. K. M. Golam Rabbani
9. Professor Dr. Abdul Bashir
10. Dr. Mohammad Siddiqur Rahman Khan
11. Professor Dr. Najma Begum (LPR)

Associate Professor:

1. Mr. A.K.M. Khademul Haque
2. Mrs Nusrat Fatema
3. Mr. S. M. Mofizur Rahman
4. Mr. Mohammad Humayun Kabir
5. Mrs. Suraiya Akhter

Assistant Professor:

1. Mr. Md. Abul Kalam Azad
2. Dr. Muhammad Omor Faruq
3. Dr. Md. Syfullah
4. Mr. Md. Zakaria
5. Mr. Md. Nurul Amin
6. Mr. Md. Abdur Rahim
1. Mr. A T M Shamsuzzoha
2. Mr. A K M Iftekharul Islam
3. Mr. Mohammad Mahmudur Rahman
4. Mr. Mahmudur Rahman

Supernumerary Professor:

1. Professor Dr. Ayesha Begum

Honourary Professor:

1. Mr. A.K.M. Idris Ali

FACULTY OF ARTS
University of Dhaka

*The framework and guidelines of the semester system
and letter grades*

Programme: B.A. Honours

1. Admission: Students are admitted to different Departments under the Faculty of Arts as per the university approved admission rules.

2. Duration of the programme: 4 years

Each year: 2 Semesters

Total Semesters: $4 \times 2 = 8$

Each Semester: 26 weeks

3. Week-wise breakdown of each semester of 26 weeks

a. Classes: 15 weeks

b. Break: 2 weeks

c. Semester Final Exams: 3 weeks

d. Evaluation of scripts and publication of results: 3 weeks

e. Vacation: 3 weeks (included within the scheduled summer and winter vacations)

4. Total Courses, Marks, Credits and Grades

Number of 4-Credit Courses: 28

Marks: $28 \times 100 = 2800$

Each Course: 4 credit hours

Number of 1-Credit Courses: 8

Marks: $8 \times 25 = 200$

Each Course: 1 credit hour

Total Marks: $2800 + 200 = 3000$

Total Credits: $28 \times 4 + 8 \times 1 = 120$

N.B. a. 15 hour teaching is equivalent to 1 credit hour and will be treated as 1 credit

b. Each 4-credit course: Required contact hours: 60

c. Each 1-credit course: Required contact hours: 15

d. Minimum credits required for the Four-Year B.A. Honours Degree: 120

5. 28 courses of 4 credits each and 8 courses of 1 credit each will be taught in 8 semesters as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Semester</u>	<u>Courses</u>	<u>Total Credits</u>
1 st Year	1	3 four-credit and 1 one-credit	13
1 st Year	2	3 four-credit and 1 one-credit	13
2 nd Year	3	3 four-credit and 1 one-credit	13
2 nd Year	4	3 four-credit and 1 one-credit	13
3 rd Year	5	4 four-credit and 1 one-credit	17
3 rd Year	6	4 four-credit and 1 one-credit	17
4 th Year	7	4 four-credit and 1 one-credit	17
4 th Year	8	4 four-credit and 1 one-credit	17
4 Years	8	28 four-credit & 8 one-credit	120 credits

6. Teaching and Evaluation of the 28 four-credit courses of 100 marks each

a. The courses ear-marked for a semester must be taught and mid-semester and semester final tests must be given in the particular semester.

b. Each course will be taught and evaluated by two teachers of the Department.

If a single teacher teaches a course then the semester final test scripts must also be evaluated by two teachers, one of whom must be the course teacher, and another, a suitable second examiner who may be either from DU or outside DU.

c. Each course will have 4 classes per week of 60 minute duration each.

d. Total classes in a Semester for each course in 15 weeks: $15 \times 4 = 60$

e. Total Contact Hours in a semester for each course: 60

7. Marks Distribution for each four-credit course

a. *Two Class/Mid-term Tests of 15 marks each: 15+15=30 Marks*

One test of one hour duration to be given by each course teacher at his/her convenience. Marks of two tests will be added. In the case of a single teacher teaching the course two tests will be given by the same teacher.

b. *Class Attendance and Participation: 5+5=10 Marks*

Each teacher will give marks out of 5. Total of the two marks will be the marks obtained.

A single teacher teaching a course will give marks out of 10.

c. **Semester Final Examination of 3 hour duration: 60 Marks**

Two teachers will set questions and evaluate the scripts. Marks obtained in the semester final examinations will be the average of the two marks.

There may be 4 broad questions or a combination of broad questions, short notes, etc.

Attendance in 90% or above classes may be given 5 out of 5; 80% to less than 90% -- 4; 70% to less than 80% -- 3; 60% to less than 70% -- 2; 50% to less than 60% -- 1; below 50% -- 00.

8. Teaching and Evaluation of 8 one credit courses of 25 marks each

a. Each class may be divided into small groups of 10 to 15 students.

b. One teacher will meet the students of one group once a week for one hour and will give marks out of 5.

c. The students will not be given any written test. They will be encouraged to discuss some topics and/or make oral presentations on some topics included in the syllabus.

d. The Examination Committee will hold oral examination at the end of every semester.

e. Total classes in a semester for each course in 15 weeks: 15

f. Total Contact Hours in a semester for each course: 15

9. Marks Distribution for each one-credit course

Total Marks: 5+20=25

a. Class Attendance and Presentation :5

b. Oral Examination : 20

Attendance in 90% or above classes may be given 5 out of 5; 80% to less than 90% -- 4; 70% to less than 80% -- 3; 60% to less than 70% -- 2; 50% to less than 60% -- 1; below 50% -- 00.

10. Examination Committee

a. The Academic committee of the Department will form the examination committee for each batch of students for one year, i.e. two semesters. The committee will include a Chairman and three other members.

In special cases, out of the three members the committee may have an external member who may be from DU or outside DU.

b. The AC of the Department will also select a Course Coordinator for one year, who may be a member of the examination committee, for smooth functioning of the programme.

If the AC decides, the Chairman and the coordinator may be the same person, but in such a case there will be no remuneration for the latter.

c. If the AC decides each batch of students may have a fixed course coordinator for all the eight semesters, i.e. four years.

d. **Chairman of the Examination Committee:** He/She will be responsible for getting questions from the course teachers, moderating and printing the questions, holding of examinations, and publication of results. If the Chairman desires, the coordinator may collect the questions from the course teachers.

e. **Course Coordinator:** The coordinator will prepare class routine, arrange and monitor classes and attendance of students, ensure smooth functioning of the academic work, and help the chairman in getting questions from the question setters, holding examinations and publishing examination results.

The coordinator will also arrange to post on the notice board the breakdown of marks in each 1-credit course (attendance and oral examination) at the end of every semester final examination. Apart from the signature of the coordinator, the mark-sheet should contain signature of the chairman of the examination committee as well.

f. In the case of any member of the committee falling sick, going on leave, or is unwilling to be on the committee, the academic committee of the Department will nominate a substitute.

11. Class Representatives

Each batch/section of students will have two class representatives (preferably one male and one female) to maintain liaison with the coordinator and the course teachers regarding their class progress and problems.

12. Attendance

a. Attendance in the 4-credit courses only will be taken into consideration to determine eligibility of a student for examination.

b. Students with 75% attendance and above in each course will be eligible to sit for examinations. Students with attendance below 75% going down to 60% will be considered non-collegiate and will be allowed to sit for the examinations only after paying the required university fines.

c. Students with attendance below 60% will not be eligible to appear at the examinations.

13. Tabulators and tabulation of examination results

a. Two teachers of the Department will act as tabulators. The chairman of the examination committee and the course coordinator will select the tabulators who should be preferably members of the examination committee.

b. The course teachers will submit two copies of mark-sheets to the chairman of the examination committee, and one copy to the controller of examinations.

c. The mark-sheets submitted by the course teachers for the 4-credit courses will include marks for attendance and participation, mid-semester tests, and final examination.

d. The concerned course teacher will submit marks for attendance and presentation in the 1-credit course.

e. Two tabulators will enter in the tabulation sheets the marks given by each course teacher for attendance, participation and mid-semester tests, and average of the two marks in the semester final examinations in the 4-credit courses, and marks given in each 1-credit course, which will include marks for class attendance, presentation and oral examination, and process the examination results.

f. In the semester final examination if the difference of marks in any course is more than 20%, i.e. more than 12, the script will be evaluated by a third examiner. The final marks obtained will be the average of the nearest two marks, or the third examiner's marks if the difference between his/her marks and the two other examiners' marks are the same.

g. The tabulators will help the Controller's office to prepare three copies of computerized tabulation sheets. The Controller's office will send one copy to the Chairman of the Department for preservation.

h. The controller's office will publish the examination results at the end of every semester and issue the transcript.

14. Grading Scale and Grades

a. At the time of evaluation all marks will be entered in numerical form. Only at the time of submitting the final grade sheet and while finalizing the results in the tabulation sheet grades will be entered in both numerical form and letter form.

b. Marks can be given in fraction up to two decimals. If the total marks of a course are in fraction, they should be raised to the higher whole number.

c. GPA and CGPA can be in fraction up to two decimals. The second decimal will be raised to the next higher number if the third decimal number is 5 or above.

d. Transcripts issued to the students will include Letter Grades, Grade Points (GP), Grade Point Average (GPA)/Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA). *Transcripts will not include numerical grades.*

e. Numerical Grades, Letter Grades, and Grade Point Average (GPA), and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) will be given according to the following scale.

Numerical Grades	Letter Grades	Grade Points (All Courses)
80 and above	A+	4.00
75 to less than 80	A	3.75
70 to less than 75	A-	3.50
65 to less than 70	B+	3.25
60 to less than 65	B	3.00
55 to less than 60	B-	2.75
50 to less than 55	C+	2.50
45 to less than 50	C	2.25
40 to less than 45	D	2.00
Less than 40	F	0.00
Incomplete (Does not take an exam)	I	0.00
Withdrawn (Does not attend any class and take any exam)	W	0.00

15. Promotion and the Final Degree

a. Promotion will be year-wise. The minimum CGPA (Cumulative Grade Point Average) 2.00 in the 4-credit courses only will be required for promotion from 1st year to 2nd year (2nd semester to 3rd semester), 2nd year to 3rd year (4th semester to 5th semester), 3rd year to 4th year (6th semester to 7th semester). In such cases grades in the first seven 1-credit courses will not be taken into consideration.

b. Promotion from 1st semester to 2nd semester, 3rd semester to 4th semester, 5th semester to 6th semester, and 7th semester to 8th semester will be automatic provided the student has the minimum of 60% attendance in the concerned semester.

c. For **getting the B.A. Hons. degree** after the 8th Semester (4th year) final examination a student must not have F in any of the 4-credit courses as well as in the combined eight 1-credit courses. The minimum GP 2.00 in each 4-credit course and GPA 2.00 in the eight 1-credit courses combined will be required for award of the B.A. Honours Degree.

d. GPA of the eight 1-credit courses will be calculated only after the 8th Semester (4th year) final examination by adding the numerical marks obtained in all 8 semesters and dividing the total by 2. The numerical marks obtained out of 200 must be converted into out of 100 to find out the corresponding Letter Grade and GP which in this case will be treated as GPA because it is the average of all 8 credits.

e. The Degree must be earned within the limit of 12 semesters, i.e. six years from the date of admission to First Semester.

f. GPA for each semester will be calculated by multiplying the course credits by the GP obtained in the courses, and dividing the total figures by the total credits. CGPA of more than one semester will be calculated by adding the GPA of the semesters concerned multiplied by the semester credits and dividing the result by the total credits of the semesters.

For example: GPA of One Semester =

$$\frac{1^{\text{st}} \text{ Course Credits} \times \text{GP} + 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ Course Credits} \times \text{GP} + 3^{\text{rd}} \text{ Course Credits} \times \text{GP}}{\text{Total Credits of the three courses}}$$

CGPA of One Year =

$$\frac{\text{GPA of 1st Sem} \times 1^{\text{st}} \text{ Semester Credits} + \text{GPA of 2nd Sem} \times 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ Semester Credits}}{\text{Total Credits in 1st and 2nd Semesters}}$$

CGPA of Eight Semesters =

$$\frac{\text{GPA of 1st Sem} \times \text{Sem credits} + \dots + \text{GPA 8th Sem} \times \text{Sem credits} + \text{GPA}(1 \text{ Credit Courses}) \times \text{credits}}{\text{Total Credits, i.e. 120}}$$

16. Readmission

a. If a student is not eligible to appear at the examination owing to inadequate attendance, he/she must seek readmission to study with the following batch.

b. A student failing to get the requisite CGPA, i.e. 2.00, for promotion from one year to the next year must seek readmission and will attend classes and take examinations with the first semester students of the concerned year if he/she fails to obtain GPA less than 2.00 in the 4-credit courses of 1st, 3rd, 5th and 7th semester respectively. But if he/she has the minimum GPA 2.00 in the 4-credit courses of 1st semester of any year he/she will take readmission and attend classes and take examinations with the students of the 2nd semester of the following year.

c. In the case of a student getting W in any course, he/she must go for readmission to continue in a class. The AC of the Dept. must be convinced of the genuineness of his/her absence.

d. A student may take readmission only two times. If required a student may take readmission twice to the same class and thus remain in the same class for three years, but the degree must be completed within twelve semesters, i.e. six years.

e. Time limit for readmission is up to a maximum of 15 days after the publication of result. In the case of readmission all grades earned earlier in the four credit and one credit courses of the particular semester/semesters will be cancelled.

17. Retaking of Examinations and Improvement of Grades

Improvement of grade/grades are applicable only for the students who get promoted.

b. A student getting less than B may improve his/her grades of any 4-credit courses by retaking the *examination/examinations of the course/courses only once with the available immediate next batch at his/her own risk* because in such cases the grade/grades obtained earlier in the concerned course/courses will be considered cancelled although marks for attendance and mid-term test will be retained.

c. A student with F grade only in any course/courses will be allowed to improve the grade/grades by retaking the examination/examinations of the concerned course/courses for the second time with the available following batch if he/she gets F in the first improvement test/tests.

d. In the case of failure to take mid-semester test, the concerned course teacher will arrange for a supplementary mid-semester test

within two weeks of the first test. The students taking the supplementary mid-semester test must pay to the department office a fine of Tk 500.00 (Tk. Five Hundred) for each test.

e. Retaking of Mid-semester examinations will not be allowed.

f. If a student has CGPA 2.00 in the 4th year, i.e 7th and 8th semesters combined but has F in any of the 7th or 8th semester 4-credit courses or the aggregate of 1-credit courses his/her result will be treated as incomplete. To get the degree the student will have the opportunity to improve his/her grade by retaking the 4-credit courses with F.

Besides, if a student has F in the aggregate of eight 1-credit courses, which together is called 'overall assessment', he/she must retake the final part of the 8th semester 1-credit course. In either case marks for attendance and presentation will be retained.

g. In addition to the usual fees, a fine will be imposed for each course to be retaken as per university rules.

h. The student will have to be mentally prepared to take the test of a particular course even if it is held on the same day of his/her other examination.

i. The same rules will be applicable in the case of any student getting I in any course/courses.

18. Drop Out

a. A student failing to get a minimum CGPA 2.00 even after readmission to the particular semester of the same year for two times will be dropped out of the programme.

b. If a student getting F in any course fails to improve his/her grade even after retaking the examination twice will not be given any further chance for improvement and will be dropped out of the programme.

19. Dean's List of Meritorious Students

a. Dean's Merit List of Excellence

The list will include the names and particulars of students who have CGPA 4.00 in the B.A.Honours Examination.

b. Dean's Merit List of Honour

The list will include the names and particulars of students who have CGPA 3.85 and above but below 4.00 in the B.A.Honours Examination.

Maximum of two students with the highest CGPA of any Department in a particular session will be included in this list. In the case of more than one student getting the same CGPA the number will increase.

c. Dean's Merit List of Academic Recognition

The list will include name of the student who has the highest CGPA among the students obtaining CGPA 3.60 and above but below 3.85, in the B.A.Honours Examination of a particular session of any Department which does not have anyone eligible for a or b.

In the case of more than one student getting the same CGPA the number will increase.

Students who have taken readmission or have taken any improvement examination will not be considered for the Dean's list of meritorious students.

20. Any major changes in the above rules will require approval of the Arts Faculty meeting and the Academic Council of the University. Minor changes may be made by the Dean and Chairmen of Arts Faculty with approval of the Deans' Committee.

The Guidelines are based on Resolution No. 57. of the Syndicate meeting of 10.8.2011 on the basis of the recommendation of Faculty meeting of 28.7.2011 and Academic Council meeting of 7.8.2011, and Resolution No. 92 of the Academic Council meeting of 29.4.2013 on the basis of the recommendation of the Faculty meeting of 21.4.2013

Distribution of Courses

First Semester

IHC 101: History of the Muslims (Prophet and the Khulafa-i-Rashidun)

IHC 102: History of the Muslims (The Umayyads)

IHC 103 :English Language

Second Semester

IHC 104: History of World Civilizations

IHC 105: History of the Muslims (The Abbasids and the Regional Dynasties)

IHC 106: History of the Muslims in India (Arabs, Turks & Early Afghans)

Third Semester

IHC 201: History of Muslims in Spain

IHC 202: History of Bengal (Ancient and Sultanat period upto 1576)

IHC 203: Theory and Principles of Sociology

Or

IHC 204: Arabic Language, Part - I

or

IHC 205 : Persian Language, Part - I

Fourth Semester

IHC 206 : History of the Fatimids, Ayyubids and Mamluks

IHC 207 : History of the Muslims in India (Later Afghans and the Mughals)

IHC 208: Theory and Principles of Political Science

Fifth Semester

IHC 301: History of Iran and Central Asia (13th-18th centuries)

IHC 302: History of Modern Europe

IHC 303: Development of Religious Principles, Institutions, Literature and Science in Islam

IHC 304: Theoretical Practice of Sociology in Bangladesh
or
IHC 305: Arabic Language, Part II
or
IHC 306: Persian Language, Part II

Sixth Semester

IHC 307: History of the Ottomans
IHC 308: History of Bengal (1576-1905)
IHC 309: Development of Philosophy and Sects in Islam
IHC 310: Principles of Political Organization with Special Reference to the Political Systems of U.K., U.S.A., U.S.S.R., India and Bangladesh

Seventh Semester

IHC 401: Muslim Minorities in the Contemporary World
IHC 402: History of the Muslims of South East Asia
IHC 403: History of Muslim Administration
IHC 404: Women and Islam

Eighth Semester

IHC 405: Modern Muslim World and Globalization
IHC 406: Title: Bangladesh Studies Since 1905
IHC 407 : Development of Muslim Art and Architecture
IHC 408: Muslim Historiography (Khilafat; Sultanate and Mughal India)

Course Details

First Semester

(All the courses are compulsory. All the courses are of 4 credits, equivalent to 100 marks in numerical grades.)

Course : IHC 101

History of the Muslims (Prophet and the Khulafa-i-Rashidun)

Outline:

Geographical features of Jazirat al-Arab-sources of history (570-661)-socio-economic, political and cultural conditions of Arabia before the advent of Islam

Early career of Muhammad (sm)-Muhammad (sm) as Prophet before Hijrat-Hijrat of Muslims to Abyssinia-Prophet's Hijrat to Madina-Charter of Madina-battles of Prophet (Badr, Uhud, Khandaq, Tabuk, Hunayan, Muta)-Prophet's policy towards the Jews and Christians-Treaty of Hudaibiah-conquest of Mecca-Prophet's place in history

Khulafa-i-Rashidun : beginning and progress of Khilafat-Khalifa and his office-Abu Bakr's election-Ridda wars-Khalifa Umar I-expansion of Islamic state-Umar's Diwan-administration-Khalifa Usman-beginning of civil disturbance in Islam-Khalifa Ali-beginning of civil war in Islam-battle of Siffin-arbitration-end of Khulafa-i-Rashidun-administration, society, education, culture and urbanisation.

Reading List:

Ali, Hamid. *Omar the Empire Builder*, Dhaka, 1961
Ali, Muhammad. *The Early Caliphate*, Lahore, 1951
Ali, Muhammad. *The Prophet Muhammad*, London, 1947
Ameer Ali, Syed. *A Short History of Saracens*, London (Reprint), 1951
Ameer Ali, Syed. *The Spirit of Islam*, London (Reprint), 1967
Arnold, T.W. *The Preaching of Islam*, Lahore, 1965
Butler, A.J. *The Arab Conquest of Egypt*, Oxford, 1902

Gibbs, H.A.R. *Studies on the Civilization of Islam*, London, 1962

Glubb, J. B. *The Great Arab Conquests (630-680)*, London (Reprint), 1966

Guillaume, A. *Life of Muhammad*, (English tr. of Muhammad Ishaq's Ibn Sirat), London, 1955

Hitti, P.K. *History of the Arabs*, 7th edition, New York, 1961

Hitti, P.K. *The Arabs, A Short History*, London, 1950

Husain, S. A. *Prophet Muhammad And His Mission*, Bombay, 1967

Husain, S. A. *The Glorious Caliphate*, Lucknow, 1980

Husain, H. *The Life of Muhammad*, (English tr. by Ismail Rai al-Faruqi), American Trust Publication, 1976

Imamuddin, S.M. *A Political History of the Muslims, Part-I (Prophet & Caliphate)*, Dhaka, 1970

Lewis, B. & Holt, P.M. (ed.). *Cambridge History of Islam*, Vol. I, London, 1970

Margoliouth, D.S. *Mohammadanism and the Islamic World*, New Delhi, 1988

Martin, L. *Muhammad: His life Based On the Earliest Sources*, New Delhi, 1983

Muir, W. *Life of Mohamet*, 4 volumes, London, 1977

Muir, W. *The Arabs* (Tr. by Arthur Goldhammer), Chicago, 1979

Muir, W. *The Caliphate, its Rise, Decline and Fall*, London (Reprint), 1998

Numani, S. *Umar the Great*, 2 volumes, Lahore, 1957

Numani, S. *Sirat-al-Nabi*, Volume I (tr. into English by Tayyib Eaksh Badauni), Lahore, 1993

Shaban, M.A. *Islamic History A New Interpretation*, Vol. I, London, 1971

Siddiqui, A. H. *Life of Muhammad*, Lahore, 1980

Watt, W.M. *Muhammad, Prophet and Statesman*, London, 1961

Watt, W.M. *Muhammad At Mecca*, Oxford, 1953

Watt, W.M. *Muhammad At Medina*, Oxford, 1956

fi Rv-B-Kwi g, gya\$. Avi e RwiZi BwZnm, XvKv, 1989

Course : IHC 102

History of the Muslims (The Umayyads)

Outline:

Review of sources of the Umayyad history-Genealogy of the Umayyads-background of the establishment of Umayyad Khilafat-The Kharijites

Harbite Branch: Muawiyah I-Yazid I-events of Karbala-the rise of the Shiites

Hakamid branch: Marwan I-Abdul Malik: consolidation and Arabicization-the Mawali issue; Al-Walid I : expansion of Khilafat in east and west-Hajjaj bin Yusuf-Tariq and Musa-Umar bin Abdul Aziz: Mawali and revenue policy-Hisham-decline and fall of the Umayyads-Marwan II-revenue reforms of Nasr bin Sayar-Abbasid propaganda-fall of Umayyads

Social features of Umayyad Khilafat-administration, society and culture under the Umayyads.

Reading List:

In addition to the relevant books listed under course No. 101 the following books must be consulted:

Brockelman, C. *History of Islamic Peoples*, London, 1980

Faruqi, I.R. *The Cultural Atlas of Islam*, New York, 1986

Grunebaum, G.V. *Classical Islam*, Chicago, 2nd ed, 1953

Grunebaum, G.V. *Medieval Islam*, Chicago, 2nd ed, 1954

Hawtin, G.R. *The First Dynasty of Islam*, Carbondale, 1987

Hodgson, M.G.H. *The Venture of Islam* (3 vols.), Chicago, 1974

Ibn Khaldun. *Al-Muqaddima*, (Tr. by F. Rosenthal), London, 1967

Imamuddin, S.M. *Umayyads & Abbasids*, Dhaka, 1970

Lewis, B. *The Arabs in History*, London, 1970

Wellhausen, J. *The Arab Kingdom and its Fall* (Tr. by Margaret Graham Weir), Beirut, 1963

Zaidan, Jurji. *Umayyads and Abbasids*, (English tr. by D.S. Margoliouth), Gibb Memorial Series, IV, New Delhi, 1981

Course : IHC 103

English Language

Outline:

Aims and Objectives: To develop students' English Language Skills to enable them to benefit personally and professionally. The four skills- reading, writing listening and speaking will be integrated to encourage better language use.

1. Grammar:

- a) Parts of Speech: Noun (countable & uncountable), Verb (Subject -verb agreement, modals), Preposition
- b) Tense
- c) Use of Articles
- d) Active and Passive Voice
- e) Direct and Reported Speech
- f) Types of Sentences (transformation)
- g) Punctuations

2. Translation:

- a) Translation from Bengali to English
- b) Translation from English to Bengali

3. Writing/composition:

- a) Paragraph Writing: Structure of a paragraph; Topic Sentences; developing ideas; writing a conclusion; types of paragraphs (narrative, descriptive, compare and contrast, cause and effect, argumentative, persuasive).
- b) Essay Writing (short essays): Generating ideas, outlining, writing thesis sentences, writing introduction, developing ideas, writing conclusion, revising and editing.
- c) Letter Writing: Formal & informal letters, letters to the editors, request letter, job application writing resumes), complaint letters.

4. Reading and Comprehension:

E.M.Forster, A Passage to India (Part 1 and 2)

- a) A.G. Stock, Poetry in the Bengali Life (adopted)
- b) George Bernard Shaw, Arms and the Man (ACT I)
- c) Unseen reading comprehension.

5. Listening and note taking:

Listening to class lectures and learning to take class notes based on listening.

6. Speaking :

Speaking skills should be integrated with writing and reading in the class room activities (Writing dialogues and practicing it orally students can develop their speaking skills. Dialogue can be an item in writing test.)

8. Vocabulary Building:

Using the dictionary, suffixes, prefixes, synonyms, antonyms, changing word forms (from verb to noun etc.) and using them in sentences; idiomatic phrases.

Mark Distribution:

Full Marks	:	100
Grammar/Translation	:	30
Reading /Vocabulary:	:	30
Writing	:	40

Reading List:

Wren & Martin. *High School English Grammar and Composition*, S. Chand and Co. Ltd. India, 2003

Raymond & Murphy. *English Grammar in Use*, Cambridge, UK, 1994

Soars, John & Liz. *New Headway*, Oxford University Press, UK, 1980

Mosback, G. & Mosback, V. *Practical Faster Reading*, Cambridge, 1981

James, A.W. et al. *Writing: A Concise Workbook*, USA, 1997

James A.W. et al. *Writing: A College Workbook*, UK, 1992

Imhoof, Maurice & Hudson, Hermann. *From Paragraph to Essay*, Longman Group, UK, 1975

Greenall, Simon & Swan, Michael. *Effective Reading*, Cambridge, 1986

Leech, Geoffrey & Svartvik, Jan. *A Communicative Grammar of English*, London, 2001

Second Semester

(All the courses are compulsory. All the courses are of 4 credits, equivalent to 100 marks in numerical grades.)

Course : IHC 104

History of World Civilizations

Outline:

Civilization-elements of civilization-culture and civilization-prehistory-Paleolithic and Neolithic culture-factors behind origin and growth of civilization

Ancient civilizations: Egypt-Mesopotamia: Sumer, Akkad, Babylon, Assyria, Chaldea or New Babylonia, Phoenicians, Lydians-Hebrews-ancient Persia-Hittites-ancient Greece-Aegean (Minoan & Mycenaean) civilization-Hellenistic Age-ancient India upto the 3rd century BC: the Indus Valley civilization-Ancient China

Rome: Origins-early Republic-late Republic-Pax Romana-Graeco-Roman cultural synthesis-economy-society-law & culture

India: The Gupta Empire-the rise of Thaneshwar-Northern India after the Guptas-House of Thaneshwar-Harshvardhana and Sasanka-The Northern dynasties-The Rajputs: society, economy and culture

China: The T'ang Dynasty-Mongols

Japan: Evolution of Japan

Early Middle Ages: Rise of Christianity and the Fall of Rome-Byzantine Empire: economy-Orthodox Church-art & architecture, Preservation of classical learning society-economy and culture-Holy Roman Empire-economic, social and political institutions in the High Middle ages: Feudalism and the Manorial system, agricultural revolution-Making of European nations or national monarchies (11th to 14th centuries): (a) England, France, Spain; (b) Failure of national States: Germany & Italy

Crusades and rise of trade, towns and universities-transformation to modern times-religion and politics in the Later Middle Ages: decline of medieval church-Unification of Spain and Portugal-

Inquisition, Hundred Years War-Economic Depression-Formation of Empire of Russia

Reading List:

- Andres, A. *The Greeks*, New York, 1967
- Basham, A.C. *The Wonder that was India*, Teplinger, 1968
- Burns, E.M. et al. *Western Civilization*, 10th edition, New York, 1984
- Childe, V.G. *What Happened in History*, New York, 1943
- Childe, V.G. *New Light on the Most Ancient East*, 14th edition, New York, 1957
- Childe, V.G. *Man Makes Himself*, London, 1956
- Doods, E.R. *Pagan and Christian in an age of Anxiety*, Cambridge, 1965
- Frye R.N. *The Heritage of Persia*, New York, 1963
- Gibbon, Edward. *Decline And Fall of the Roman Empire* (ed. by J.B. Bury), 7 Vols, London, 1896-1900
- Hookham, Hilda. *A Short History of China*, New York, 1972
- Macnill, William. *The Rise of the West*, Chicago, 1963
- Orlinsky, H.M. *Ancient Israel*, 2nd edition, New York, 1960
- Ralph and Burns. *World Civilization*, Karachi, 1961
- Raychaudhuri, H.C. *A Brief Survey of Indian History*, London, 1952
- Reither, Joseph. *World History at a Glance*, London, 1957
- Stayer, J.R. *Western Europe in the Middle Ages*, 3rd edition, Glenview III, 1982
- Thapar, Romila., *A History of India*, Vol. I. London, 1966
- Walbank, T.W. et al. *Civilization Past & Present*, 5th edition, Glenview, 1982
- کتابخانه ملی افغانستان، *تاریخ افغانستان*، 2007
- کتابخانه ملی افغانستان، *تاریخ افغانستان*، 2011

Course : IHC 105

History of the Muslims (The Abbasids and the Regional Dynasties)

Outline:

Part I : Abbasids

Rise of the Abbasids—al-Saffah—al-Mansur—Mahdi and Hadi—Harun-or Rashid—Abbasid foreign policy—Barmakids—al-Amin and al-Mamun— al-Mutasim—al-Wasik—later Abbasids—Rise of the Turks—downfall of the Abbasids: causes and consequences—Society and culture under the Abbasids.

Part II : Regional Dynasties

Background of the establishment of regional dynasties

A. Regional Dynasties of the West: Idrishids-Aghlabids: Ibrahim bin Aghlab—Ziadatullah Aghlab—the later Aghlabids—Tulunids—Ikhshidids

B. Regional dynasties of the East: Tahirids : their struggle with the Samanids—Saffarids—Samanids: their contribution to science and culture—

Ghaznavids : Sabuktigin, Mahmud and Masud

Buwaihids: Imaduddawlah-Muizuddawlah-Rukunuddawlah-Aduddawlah-Bahauddawlah-the later Buwaihids-cultural development-relation with the Abbasids

Saljuqs: origin —Tughril Beg —Malik Shah—Nizamul Mulk Tusi—decline and fall of the dynasty-the Assassins

Jangis: Imaduddin Jangi-Nooruddin and his successors—the Jangis and the Crusade

The relations between the Abbasids and the regional dynasties

Reading List:

In addition to the relevant books listed under course No. 101, 102 and 104 the following books must be consulted;

Ahsanullah, M. *History of the Islamic World*, New Delhi, 1986.

Baladhuri. *Kitab Futuh Al-Buldan*, (English tr. by P.K. Hitti), New York, 1958

Bosworth, C.E., *The Islamic Dynasties*, A Chronological and Genealogical Survey, Edinburgh, 1967

Boyle, J.A. (ed.). *The Cambridge History of Iran*, Volumes, IV and V Cambridge, 1968

Enan, M.A. *The Decisive Moments in the History of Islam*, Lahore, 1943

Haig, W. *Cambridge Medieval History*, Vol. IV, Cambridge, 1953

Hammer, P. *History of the Assassins*, (English tr. by O. C. Wood), London, 1835

Le-Strange. *The Lands of the Eastern Caliphate*, Cambridge, 1905

Shaban, M.A. *The Abbasid Revolution*, Cambridge, 1970

Sharif, M.M. (Editor), *A Short History of Muslim Philosophy*, Delhi, 1984

Siddiqui, A. H. *Caliphate and Kingship in Medieval Persia*, Lahore, 1942

Avbmvi x, ggv. ga h\$Mi gmvj g mF`Zv I ms`wZ, XvKv, 1999

Avi gvRvbx, Bqmnqv. ga`cP` AZxZ I eZ@vb (evsjv Absv` : ggv`\$ Bbvq-Dj nK), 1978

Kuei, gvdRjvn. Avie RmZi BwZnm, XvKv, 1964

ingvb, tkL ggv`\$ j ydi. Bmj vg : i v0^I mgvR, XvKv, 1977

Course : IHC 106

History of the Muslims in India (Arabs, Turks & Early Afghans)

Outline:

Pre-Muslim background— India under Muslim rule— review of sources- Arab conquest of Sind— impact of Arab rule

Phases of Turkish conquests: Ghaznavid era—Sultan Mahmud's invasions: motives and results— Ghorid era— Muizuddin Muhammad bin Saam— Battles of Tarain

Third Semester

(All the courses are of 4 credits, equivalent to 100 marks in numerical grades. Courses no. 201 and 202 are compulsory and the students should choose any one from the courses no. 203, 204 and 205)

Course: IHC 201

History of Muslims in Spain

Outline:

Review of sources—geographical features of Spain—pre-Muslim situation— Muslim conquest— causes and consequences—dependent Amirate Abdur Rahman al-Ghafiqi— battle of Tours— independent Amirate— Abdur Rahman I —Hisham I—Hakam I— Abdur Rahman II — neo-Muslims—Christian Zealots —Umar bin Hafsun— Khilafat period (929-1031): Abdur Rahman III— Hakam II—Hajib al-Mansur—Decline & fall of Umayyad dynasty—petty dynasties—Jawharites— Banu Hammud—Banu Ziri— Banu Hud— Banu Dhu al-Nun, Banu Abbad—North African rule—Murabituns, Muahhiduns—Nasirids—Moriscoes—administration—society— economy and culture in Muslim Spain

Reading List:

- Chapman. *A History of Spain*, New York, 1954.
- Conde, J.A. *History of the Domination of the Arabs in Spain* (English translation by J. Foster). 3 vols, Barcelona, 1854-56.
- Dozy, R. *Spanish Islam: A History of the Moslems in Spain*, (English translation by E.G. Stokes), London, 1913.
- Drapper, W.J. *History of the Intellectual Development of Europe*, vol. II, London, 1910.
- Fahimi, A.M. *Muslim Sea Power in the Eastern Mediterranean Sea*, London, 1950.
- Hines, C.R. *Christianity and Islam in Spain*, London, 1989.
- Ibn Abd, El-Hakim. *History of the Conquest of Spain* (translation by E.Jones), London 1954.

- Imamuddin, S.M. *Political History of Muslim Spain*, Dhaka, 1969.
- Imamuddin, S.M. *Some Aspects of Socio-Economic and Cultural History of Muslim Spain (711-1492)*, Leiden, 1965.
- Irving, W. *The Conquest of Granada*, London, 1829.
- Lane-Poole, S. *The Moors in Spain*, London, 1912.
- Lea, H.C. *The Moriscoes of Spain*, New York, 1968.
- Lewis, B. and P. Charles, *The History of Spain*, Part I, London, 1945.
- Macabe, J. *The Splendour of Moorish Spain*, London, 1935.
- Scott, S.P. *History of the Moorish Empire in Europe*, 5 Vols, Philadelphia, 1904.
- Trend, J.B. *Spain & Portugal in Legacy of Islam*, (Edited by T.W. Arnold), Oxford, 1952.
- Watt, W.M. *A History of Islamic Spain*, Edinburgh, 1965.

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Course: IHC 202

History of Bengal (Ancient and Sultanat period upto 1576)

Outline:

Background—sources of history—geographical condition of Bengal during the period

Early History : Sasanka and the kingdom of Gaur

The Pala dynasty : Matsanyaya—Gopala and the establishment of the dynasty—Dharmapala: war and diplomacy with the Rastrakutas and Pratiharas—successors of Dharmapala: decline of the dynasty—rise of the Kaibartas of Varendra—Ramapala and revival of Pala suzerainty—fall of the Pala dynasty

The Sena dynasty: Vijayasena, the first ruler of united Bengal—Vallalasena—Laksmanasena : events in Lakhnauti—Vishvarupasena and Keshavasena in Vikramapura—fall of the Sena dynasty

Regional dynasties in Bengal: The Deva dynasty—Chandra dynasty—Varma dynasty

Early Muslim Rule: Ikhtiyar Uddin Muhammad Bakhtiyar Khalji: Conquest of Lakhnauti and its aftermath— the Khalji Maliks : Ali Mardan, Ghiyasuddin Iwaz Khalji—administration under Khaljis

Bengal during Mamluk rule at Delhi – Balbani dynasty

Fakhruddin Mubarak Shah and his family at Sonargaon : starting of independence

Ilyas Shahi Dynasty: Shamsuddin Ilyas Shah and the rise of 'Bangalah'—relation with Delhi : the battles of Ekdala—Giasuddin Azam Shah—rise of Raja Ganesh—Sultan Jalaluddin Muhammad— Ilyas Shahi restoration—later Ilyas Shahi Sultans— Habshi rule in Bengal: the dark age

Hussain Shahi dynasty: Alauddin Hussain Shah—the golden era in Bengal—rise of Vaisnavism and cultural contribution of the dynasty—decline and fall

Bengal under Afghan rule—Sur and Kararani dynasties

Social, economic, religious and cultural conditions in ancient and medieval Bengal

Reading List:

Akhtaruzzaman, Dr. Md. *Society and Urbanisation in Medieval Bengal*, Dhaka, 2009

Ali, Mohammad Mohar. *History of the Muslims of Bengal*, Vols I-A & I-B, Riyadh, 1985

Chowdhury, A.M. *Dynastic History of Bengal*, Dhaka, 1967

Dani, A.H. *Bibliography of Muslim Inscriptions of Bengal*, Dhaka, 1957

Eaton, Richard, M. *The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier, (1204-1760 A.D.)*, University of California Press, 1993

Gupta, B.K. *Siraj ud Daula And The East India Company (1756-57)*, Leiden, 1962

Haig, W. (ed.). *Cambridge History of India*, Vol- II, Cambridge, 1928

Huq, M. Enamul. *Sufism in Bengal*, Dhaka, 1975

Karim, Abdul. *Social History of the Muslims of Bengal*, Dhaka, 1959

Karim, K.M. *The Provinces of Bihar and Bengal under Shah Jahan*, Dhaka, 1974

Majumdar, R.C. *History of Bengal*, Vol. I, Dhaka University, 1943

Nathan, Mirza. *Baharistan-i-Ghaibii* (English tr. by M.I. Borah), 2 Vols, Gauhati, 1961

Rahim, M. Abdur. *Social And Cultural History of Bengal*, Vol- I, Karachi, 1963

Ram Gopal. *How The British Occupied Bengal*, London, 1963

Roy Chowdhury, Tapan. *Bengal Under Akbar and Jahangir*, Calcutta, 1953

Sarkar, J.N. *History of Bengal*, Vol-2. Dhaka University, 1948

Siraj, Abu-Umar-I-Uzman Mirhaj-Ud-Din, *Tabakat-I-Nasiri: A General History of the Muhammadan Dynasties of Asia, Including Hindustan* (Translated into English by Major H.G. Raverty), Kolkata, Asiatic Society, Reprint, 2010

Stewart, Charles. *History of Bengal*, London, 1913

Tarafdar, M.R. *Hussain Shahi Bengal A Socio-Political Study (1493-1538 A.D.)*, Revised edition, Dhaka, 1998

কবিগ, আবে`জ. *এসজি বিবনম (গন্য অর্গ)*, 1g LD, *ইবরকিন*, 1993

কবিগ, আবে`জ. *এসজি বিবনম ম্যজিবর্গ অর্গ*, *খিবি*, 2q ms`iY, 1997

চক্রবর্তী, রজনী কান্ত. *এফ`টকি বিবনম*, 2q I 3q LD, *কবি কবি*, 1963

এফ`ব্রিবা`বর্গ, *ইবলি`ম. এরজি বিবনম*, *সর্গ I মর্জির্গ LD*, *কবি কবি*, 2q g`Y, 1971

গর্গ`বি, *ইটক প`এ` এসজি ব`টকি বিবনম (সর্গিব হম)*, *কবি কবি*, 1377 এসজি *ম্*

গ্গিবর্-B ম্ *ইবর্*. *ZeKvZ-B-ব্* *ম্* *(Abg` I m`c`b` Av.K.g. hvKivi qv)*, *খিবি*, 1983

গ্গিব্রিবা`বর্গ, *ম্* *এসজি বিবনম`টকি* *এবি`বর্গ ম্* *জিবর্`ি অর্গ* (1338-1538 Lt), 4_`ms`iY, *কবি কবি*, 1998

gǝLvcva`vq, mlygq, evsj vq gǝmij g kvmtbi Aw` ce^o(1200-1338), Kij KvZv, 1987

gǝLvcva`vq, mǝxj. cǝK cǝvkx evsj vi mǝgǝRK I Aw` R xeb (1700-1757) Lit, Kij KvZv, 1982

i vq, bǝnvi i Ab. evǝj xi BǝZnm (Aw` ce^o), Kij KvZv, 1949

mǝKj vǝqb, tMj vq. evsj vǝ`tki mǝx mvaK, XvKv, 1982

tmb, `xǝbk Pǝ`? eǝr eǝ, Kij KvZv, 1341

tǝmij g, tMj vq ũmǝBb. mǝ qǝh Dm mǝj vǝZb (Abǝv` AvKei Dǝ`xb), XvKv, 1974

Course: IHC 203

Theory and Principles of Sociology

Outline:

Subject matter—Nature and scope of sociology – Relationship with other sciences—methods of Sociology—Primary concepts: Society, Community, Association, Institution and Groups—Factors of social life: Geography, Heredity, Technique and Group—culture and civilization—cultural diffusion, cultural lag—Social Institutions: Marriage and family, Forms and functions of family—Social Structure: social stratification its types, social mobility—Economic Institution: property— evolution of property—ownership, system of inheritance—social process: cooperation, competition, conflict, assimilation, accommodation—Social disorganization: crime and delinquency—social factors in the causation of crime—social control—its agencies—Social change: relation between technique production and social change—primitive pastoral, agricultural and industrial—theories of social change, stages in the evolution of human society: slavery, feudalism, capitalism, socialism and communism.

Reading List:

Popenoc, David. *Sociology*, New Jersey, 1989

Spence, Metta. *Foundation of Modern Sociology*, New Jersey, 1979

Federice, Ronald. C. *Sociology*, 2nd edition, London, 1975

Hunter, Mork. *The Changing Family Comparative Perspective*, 2nd ed., New York, 1988

Ginsbery, Morris. *Sociology*, Oxford University Press, London, 1963

Maclver and Page. *A text book of Sociology*, New York, 1965

Battomore, J.I. *Sociology: a guide to problems and literature*, London, 1962

Kwi g, bǝRgǝj. mǝR ǝe`Avb mǝjY, XvKv, 1972-1973

tKvǝqǝM, mǝvgǝj. mǝR ǝe`Avb (Abǝv`, i sMj vj tmb), XvKv, 1975

Course: IHC 204

Arabic Language, Part - I

(This course is not offered during this semester)

Course: IHC 205

Persian Language, Part - I

(This course is not offered during this semester)

Fourth Semester

(All the courses are compulsory. All the courses are of 4 credits, equivalent to 100 marks in numerical grades.)

Course: IHC 206

History of the Fatimids, Ayyubids and Mamluks

Outline:

Review of Sources – pre-Fatimid background of Egypt and North Africa

Fatimid Khilafat (909-1177): Fatimid propaganda, establishment of Fatimid Khilafat–Ubaidullah al-Madhi–genealogy of the Fatimids– al- Qaim, al-Mansur, al-Muiz: conquest of Egypt and foundation of al-Qahira by Jawhar–al-Aziz–Fatimid power at its height–relation between Fatimids and Umayyads of Spain– al-Hakim–position of non-Muslims –Dar al-Hikma–later Fatimids–al-Mustansir–Armenian Wazirs–downfall of the Fatimid Khilafat–Fatimids and Saljuks–intellectual life–Socio-economic and cultural contribution of the Fatimids

Ayyubid Sultanate : rise of Salahuddin–Ayyubids and the Crusade
Mamluk dynasty (1250-1517) : origin of the Mamluks–foundation of the dynasty–Shajarud Durr–Baybars I–Qalawn–al-Nasir–Mamluks and Crusade–Ottoman occupation–Selim I and battle of Marj-i-Dabiq–Trade, commerce and cultural life under the Mamluks.

Reading List:

- Atiya, E. *Crusaders in the Later Middle Ages*, London, 1938
Sadeque, Fatima. *Baybars I of Egypt*, Dhaka 1958
Holt, P.M. *The age of the Crusades: Near East from the eleventh century to 1517*, New York, 1986
Holt, P.M. Lambton, A.K.S. and Lewis, B. (Editors), *Cambridge History of Islam*, Vols I & II, London, 1970
Ivanow, V. *The Rise of the Fatimids*, Bombay, 1941
Lewis, B. *Origin of Ismailism*, Cambridge, 1939

Mamour, Prince P.H. *Polemics on Origins of the Fatimid Caliphs*, London, 1934

Muir, W. *The Mamluke or Slave Dynasty of Egypt*, London, 1996
O' Leary. De Lacy. *History of the Fatimid Khilafat*, London, 1923

Runkiman, S. A. *History of the Crusades*, 3 vols, London, Reprint, 1988

Stevenson, W.B. *The Crusades in the East*, Cambridge, 1907
Encyclopaedia of Islam, New edition, Leiden, 1979

Course: IHC 207

History of the Muslims in India (Later Afghans and the Mughals)

Outline:

India on the eve of Babur's invasion
Badshah Babur: early life-Babur in India-the battle of Panipath and beginning of Mughal Empire in India
Humayun: struggle with Sher Shah and its consequences-Humayun in exile–return to India and re-establishment of the Empire
The Suri interregnum: Sher Shah and his successors
Akbar the Great: early life-conquests-religious policy-Rajput policy-administrative reforms and Mansabdary system
Jahangir and Nur Jahan
Shah Jahan: the age of marble-struggle for power between his sons and his cruel fate
Aurangzeb: early life-events in Deccan-Maratha policy-religious policy
European trading companies in India
Later Mughals and the fall of the empire
Economic and cultural consequences of Mughal rule in India.

Reading List:

In addition to the reading list of course No. 105 the following books are recommended:

- Abdul Hayy & Shah Nawaz Khan. *Maathir ul Umara*, 2 Vols, translated into English by H. Beveridge, Calcutta, 1888-91
- Abul Fazl. *Ain-i-Akbari*, 3 vols. translated and edited by H. Blochmann and H.S. Jarret, Calcutta, 1927 and 1949.
- Abul Fazl. *Akbar Nama*, 3 Vols. translated by H. Beveridge, Calcutta: Asiatic Society, 1921, Reprint, Delhi, 1979 .
- Athar Ali. *Mughal Nobility Under Aurangzeb*, Bombay, 1970.
- Athar Ali. *Apparatus of the Mughal Empire: Awards of Ranks, Offices and Titles to the Mughal Nobility (1574-1659)*, Delhi, 1985
- Babur, Zahiruddin. *Baburnama or Tuzuk-i Baburi*, translated by A.S. Beveridge, 2 Vols, London, 1922
- Badauni, Abdul Qadir. *Muntakhab-al-Tawarikh*, translated by S.A.G. Ranking, Calcutta, 1898
- Banerji, S.K. *Humayun Badshah*, 2 Vols. Delhi, 1972
- Chandra, Satish. *Parties And Politics at the Mughal Court*, 3rd edition, New Delhi, 1979
- Edwards, W. & H.S. Jarret. *Mughal Rule in India*, Reprint, New Delhi, 1979
- Gulbadan Begum. *Humayun Nama*, translated by A.S. Beveridge, London, 1902
- Habib, Irfan. *Agrarian System of Mughal India (1556-1707)*, Bombay, 1963
- Habib, Irfan. *An Atlas of the Mughal Empire*, Delhi, 1982
- Ikram, S.M. *Muslim Civilization in India*, Lahore, 1961
- Irvine, W. *The Later Mughals*, Delhi, 1962
- Prasad, Ishwari. *The Life and Times of Humayun*, Bombay, 1955
- Jaffar, S.M. *Mughal Empire*, Delhi, 1974
- Jahangir, Nur-al-Deen. *The Tuzuk-i-Jahangiri (Autobiography of Jahangir)*, 2 Vols, Translated by Henry Beveridge and A. Rogers, London, 1921, Reprint, Delhi, 1968
- Khan, Iqtidar Alam. *A Biography of a Mughal Noble Munim Khan Khan-i-Khanan*, Delhi, 1973
- Malik, Zahiruddin. *The Reign of Muhammad Shah*, Bombay, 1977
- Moosvi, Shirin. *Economic History of Mughal Empire*, Delhi, 1987
- Moreland, W.H. *The Agrarian System of Moslem India*, London, 1923
- Muni Lal. *Akbar*, Delhi, 1978
- Pandey, A.B. *Later Medieval India*, Allahabad, 1978
- Prasad, Beni. *History of Jahangir*, 5th edition Allahabad, 1962
- Qanungo, K.R. *Sher Shah and His Times*, Calcutta, 1965
- Rahim, M.A. *History of the Afghans in India*, Karachi, 1961
- Roy Chowdhury, H.C. and Lal, Makhan. *Din-i-Ilahi or the Religion of Akbar*, 3rd edition, New Delhi, 1978
- Roy, Nirod Bhusan. *Successors of Sher Shah Sur*, Dhaka, 1957
- Sarkar, Jadunath. *History of Aurangzeb*, 5 Vols, Calcutta, 1912-24
- Saxena, B.P. *History of Shah Jahan of Delhi*, Allahabad, 1973
- Sharma, S.R. *Mughal Empire in India*, Agra, 1974
- Siddiqui, Iqtidar Hussain. *History of Sher Shah Sur*, Aligarh, 1971
- Siddiqui, Iqtidar Hussain. *Sher Shah Sur and his Dynasty*, Jaipur, 1995
- Smith, V.A. *Akbar the Great Mughal (1542-1605)*, Delhi, 1962
- Tripathi, R.P. *Rise and Fall of the Mughal Empire*, Allahabad, 1960
- Williams, Rushbrook. *An Empire-builder of the 16th Century*, London, 1918
- AvdZveP, RI nvi. ZvRmKivZž I qmKqvZ (eivj v Abey), XvKv, 1964

Course: IHC 208

Theory and Principles of Political Science

Outline:

Political Science: Nature, Scope and Methods; its relation with other Social Sciences

Political theory: Theories of the Origin of State, State and Government, State and Society, State and Individual, Power, Authority, Sovereignty, Pluralism, Law, Liberty, Equality, Rights; Nation, Nationalism, Internationalism: Forms of Government: Democracy and Dictatorship, Unitary and Presidential; Organs of Government: Executive, Legislature, Judiciary.

Reading List:

- Arendt, Hannah. *The Origins of Totalitarianism*, 2nd ed. Cleveland, 1958
- Arendt, Hannah. *An Introduction of Political Science*, New York, 1960
- Ball, Alan. *Modern Politics and Government*, London, 1977
- Barker, Ernest. *Social Contract: Essays by Locke, Hume and Rousseau*, New York, 1962
- Easton, David. *The Political System: An Inquiry into the state of Political Science*, New York, 1953
- Garner, J.W. *Introduction of Political Science*, New York, 1910
- Gettell, Raymond. *Political Science*, Boston, 1910
- Gilchrist, R.N. *Principles of Political Science*, Bombay, 1962
- Girvetz, Harry K. *The Evolution of Liberalism*, New York, 1963
- Grazia, Alfred de. *Politics and Government*, New York, 1992
- Harrington, Michael. *Socialism*, New York, 1972
- Hobhouse, L.T. *Liberation*, New York, 1964
- Hobsbawm, E.J. *Nations and Nationalism since 1780: Programme, Myth and Reality*, Cambridge, 1990
- Kohn, Hans. *Nationalism: Its Meaning and History*, Princeton, 1965

Laski, Harold J. *A Grammar of Politics*, London, 1960

Leslie, Stephen. *The Eighth Utilitarian*, New York, 1968

MacIver, Robert M. *The Web of Government*, rev. ed. New York, 1965

Sabine, George H. *A History of Political Theory*, New Delhi, 1973

Schumpeter, Joseph. *Capitalism, Socialism and Democracy*, New York, 1947

Vincent, Andrew. *Theories of the State*, London, 1987

Wheare, K.C. *Modern Constitutions*, London, 1952

Wolff, Robert P. *Rule of Law*, New York, 1971

Fifth Semester

(All the courses are of 4 credits, equivalent to 100 marks in numerical grades. Courses No. 301, 302 and 303 are compulsory and the students should choose any one from the courses no. 304, 305 and 306, subject to availability during the semester concerned)

Course: IHC 301

History of Iran and Central Asia (13th-18th centuries)

Outline:

Origin and development of the Mongol Dynasty- Chengiz Khan: Foundations of the Mongol Empire- Ogedei Khan- Mengu Khan- Kublai Khan- Socio-economic and cultural development under the Great Khans

IL Khans: Halagu Khan and the foundation of IL-Khanid Dynasty- Abaga Khan and His successors- Ghazan Khan: transformation of the Mongols under Islam- Uljaitu Khan- Abu Said and Decline of the IL-Khanid Dynasty- Mongol-Mamluk Relations- Socio-economic and cultural development

Minor Dynasties: Jalairids- Muzaffarids- kara koyunlu- Ak Koyunlu- Chagtai

Timurids: Amir Taimur and His Successors- Safavids: Shah Ismail and the establishment of the Safavid dynasty- Shah Tahmasap- Shah Abbas I and His successors- Afsharids- Afghans: Nadir Shah- Zands- Ahmad Shah Abdali and his successors-Central Asian princely states (Khanates)

Socio-cultural trends of the period- western expansion into Muslim world- socio-economic and cultural consequences.

Reading List:

- Bosworth, C.E. (ed.). *The Cambridge History of Iran*, Vol. IV, Cambridge, 1968
- Curtin, Jeremiah. *The Mongols*, Boston, 1908
- Fraser, W.K. and Tytler. *Afghanistan*, London, 1953
- Gibb, H.A.R. *Muhammadanism a Historical Survey*, London, 1949

Haider, A. F., *The Administrative Structure of the Safavid Empire*, Patna, 2000

Lamb, H. *Tamberlane*, New York, 1928

Macdonald, D.B. *The Religious Attitude and Life in Islam*, Beirut 1965

Mahmud, Sayyid Fayyaz. *A Short History of Islam*, Karachi, 1960

Malcom, J. *History of Persia*, Vols I and II, London, 1928

Nadvi, S.A. *Hasan Ali. Islam and the World*, Lucknow, 1980

Sykes, P. *A History of Persia*, London, 1921

Smith, Wilfred Cantwell. *Islam in Modern History*, Prenceton, 1957

Spuler, Bertold. *History of the Mongols*, London, 1972

Spuler, Bertold. *The Muslim World A Historical Survey*, Parts III-IV, Leiden, 1981

Whorth, H.. *History of the Mongols*, vol. IV, London, 1928

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imj, tgvrv`\$ tMj vg, ga`cP`i BwZnm, XvKv, 2012

tnitmb, GwGg. ga`cP`i BwZnm: A`Uvgvb mrv`R` t`tK RvwM`Ej i vó?, XvKv, 2011

Course: IHC 302

History of Modern Europe

Outline:

Renaissance—Reformation—Geographical discoveries—French Revolution (1789) —Napoleon Bonaparte—Metternich—Congress of Vienna—July Revolution (1830)—February Revolution (1848)—Napoleon III—Unification of Italy (1870) —Unification of Germany (1871)—Eastern Question—Russo-Japanese War—World War I—Treaty of Versailles—Treaty of Sevres—League of Nations—Bolshevik Revolution 1917—World War II—Hitler—Mussolini—U.N.O.—Fifth republic—cold war—reunification of Germany in 1990—Breaking up of the USSR—European Union

Reading List:

- Brown and Coysh. *The Map Approach to Modern History*, London, 1959
- Carr, E.H. *International Relations between the Two World Wars (1919-1939)*, London, 1955
- Carlyle, Thomas. *The French Revolution*, London, 1864
- Cobban, Alfred. *A History of Modern France (1799-1981)*, 2 vols, New York, 1966
- Ergang, Robert. *Europe*, Boston, 1966
- Fisher, H.A.L. *History of Europe*, Vol. II, London, 1951
- Fletcher, E. *World History*, New York, 1968
- Harold, J., Christopher. *The Age of Napoleon*, Oxford, 1952
- Hazen, C.D. *Europe Since 1815*, London, 1935
- Ketelbey, C.D.M. *A History of Modern Times From 1789*, London, 1933
- Myers, P.V.N. *A Short History of Modern Times*, London, 1966
- Riker. *A Short History of Modern Europe*, London, 1967
- Wells, H.G. *The Outline of History*, London, 1951
- Kij ig, Avej. bvtctj I tervvcvZ® iYbmZ I KlbbmZ, XvKv, 1988*
- Kij ig, Avej. BDtiicxq ivRbmZ I KlbbmZ, XvKv, 1988*
- Kij ig, Avej. divmx neclei cUfug, XvKv, 1982*
- Lvb, Avj x AvmMi. AvajbK BDtiicvci BwZnm, XvKv, 1983*
- Rvnb, W. Ggib. AvajbK BDtiicvci BwZnm (divmx necle t_tK uQZxq nekhy chS), XvKv, 2015*

Course: IHC 303

Development of Religious Principles, Institutions, Literature and Science in Islam

Outline:

Part I : Religious Principles and Institutions

Concept of Religion—Major Religions—Distinctive Features of Islam—Ummah or Muslim Millat— Sources of Islam: al-Quran, al-

Hadith and Sunnah, Ijma, Qiyas, Ijtihad—Four Sunni Schools of Fiqh (Jurisprudence)— fundamental principles of Islam: Iman (faith) in Allah—His Attributes—Malaika (Angels)— Kitab (Divine Scriptures)— Rasul (Prophets)— finality of Prophethood—Aakhirah (Hereafter)— Jannat and Jahannam (Paradise & Hell)— Taqdir— Fundamental duties and obligations: al-Salat (Prayer), al-Sawam (Fasting), al-Zakat (Alms Giving), Hajj (Pilgrimage to holy Kaaba), Jihad against enemies of Islam and the evil—self (Nafs)— Marriage— Law of inheritance—Islamic festivals.

Part I : Literature and Science

a. Arabic literature: Al-Sab'a al-Mua'llqat: Pre-Islamic poetical features of the Arabs, Poetry during Khulafa-i-Rashidun, Literary activities under the Umayyads—Literary personalities: Umar Ibn Abi Rabiha— Al-Jarir— Al-Akhtal— Al-Farazdaq—Literary Progress under the Abbasids— Badi al-Zaman—Al-Hamadani—Al-Harriri—Abul-Fard-Ispahani—Alf-Laylah-wa-Laylah (Thousand and One Nights Fables)—Poetry: Bashshar—Abu Nuwas Abu-al-Atahiya—Abu Tammams—Abu-al-Ala Maarri Buhtari.

b. Persian Poetry: Abul Qasim Firdausi—Umar al-Khayyam—Sadi—Hafeez—Jalaluddin Rumi—Abdur Rahman Jami.

c. Science: Greek legacy and independent inquiry of the Arab scientists on the following fields: Al-chemy : Jabir Ibn Hayyan; Medicine: Alim al-Razi, Ali al-Tabari, Al-Majusi, Ibn-Sina; Astronomy, Mathematics: Al-Khawarizmi, Al Battani, Umar al-Khayyam; Astrology: Al-Jahiz; Geography: Greek antecedents, Geographers: Al-Idrisi, Al-Istakhri, Ibn Hawqal, Muqaddas (Maqdisi), al-Hamadani, al-Yaquti—their influence upon the Occident.

Reading List:

- Ahmad, Panulla. *Creator And Creation*, Islamic Foundation, Dhaka, 1986
- Alam, Muhammad Amir. *Islam and Christianity*, Calcutta, 1923
- Al-Gazzali, Abu Hamid. *Yahya al-Ulum al-Deen* (The Revival of Religious Learning. tr. into English by Maulana Fazlul Karim), Dhaka, 1971
- Ali, Kazi Ayub. *Introduction to Islamic Culture*, Dhaka, 1962
- Ali, Muhammad. *The Religion of Islam*, Lahore 1950

Browne, E.G. *A Literary History of Persia*, 4 Vols. London, 1902-1906

Draper, W. *History of the Intellectual Development of Europe*, Vols. I & II, London, 1910

Faridi, Abid Hasan. *An Outline History of Persian Literature*. Delhi, 1927-28

Faruque, Burhan Ahmed. *The Mujaddid's Conception of Tawhid*, Delhi, Reprint, 1977

Fitzgerland, E. *Rubaiyyat of Umar Khayyam*. London, 1909

Grunebeaum, Alfred. *The Faith of Islam*, London, 1976

Grunebeaum, Alfred.. *Muhammadan Festivals*, London, 1976

Hashim, Abul. *The Creed of Islam*, Islamic Foundation, Dhaka, 1980

Hitti, P.K. *Islam and the West*, Princeton, 1962

Huart, A. *History of Arabic Literature*, London, 1903

Lal, J.W. *An Introductory History of Persian Literature*, New York, 1978

Lammens, H. *Islam Belief and Institutions*, New Delhi, 1979

Levy, Reuben. *Persian Literature an Introduction*, London, 1968

Macdonald, Duncan Black. *Development of Muslim Theology. Jurisprudence And Constitutional Theory*, London- 1902

Macdonald, Duncan Black. *The Religious Attitude And Life in Islam*, Beirut, 1965

Nasr, Seyyed Hossain. *Science And Civilization In Islam*, Massachusetts. U.S.A, 1968

Nicholson, R.A . *Literary History of the Arabs*, Cambridge, 1930, Reprint, 1948

Nadvi, S.A.H. *The Five Pillars of Islam*, Lucknow, 1972

Penrice , John. *A Dictionary and Glossary of the Quran*, Dhaka, 1987

Pickthal, M. Marmaduke. *The Meaning of the Glorious Quran*, New York, 3rd (edition), 1954

Rahim, Abdur. *The Principles of Muhammadan Jurisprudence*, Lahore 1968

Rahman, Ahmadur. *Islam A Glorious Teaching*, Dhaka, 1993

Rumi, Jalal Uddin. *Mathnawi*, (Translated into English by R. A. Nicholson), London, 1960

Sahacht, Joseph. *The Origins of Muhammadan Jurisprudence*, Lahore, 1968

Shushtery, A.M.A. *Outlines of Islamic Culture*, Bangalore, 1938

Tritton, A. S. *Muslim Theology*, Bristol, 1947

Wensinck, A.J., *Muslim Creed*, Cambridge, 1932

Al-Hadith : *Sahih al- Bukhari*, K.S.A 1976

Sahih al- Muslim

Sunnah-i-Na.

Sunan-i- Abu Daud

Sunan-i-ibn Majah

Jami al-Tirmidhi

Muatta-i-Malik ibn Anas

Muatta-i-Ahmad ibn Hanbal

Kitab-al-unun of Imam Muhammad al-Shafi'i

Avhgx, bi-gyvs\$. nwi tmi ZE; I Biznim, XvKv, 1966.

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D'xb, gyvs\$ glbmj. Bi v'bi Kue, XvKv, 1375 (evsj v).

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ingvb, MvRx kvgmj. Bmj vtgi cA' k' XvKv, 1982.

knx`jwn, gyvs\$. `xl Avb-B-nvvdR, XvKv, 1959.

Course: IHC 304

Theoretical Practice of Sociology in Bangladesh

Outline:

Scope of Social History—Sources of social history in Bangladesh—Elements of social history in major archaeological relics of Bangladesh—Mainamati, Paharpur, Mahasthangarh, Sonargaon, Gaur

Origin and development of village community in Pre-British India— Tenure system— Stratification Pattern of Indo-Muslim society.

British rule and its impact— Permanent Settlement— English education and rise of middle class. Religious and Social movement—Brahma Samaj Movement—Aligarh Movement.

Social changes since 1947—The Liberation War (1971)— Contemporary Bangladesh— Rural and Urban social structure— stratification pattern. Recent trends of social change— Social problem and development programmes in contemporary Bangladeshi society— Tribes of Bangladesh.

Reading List:

- Karim, A.K.M. Nazmul. *Changing Society in India, Pakistan and Bangladesh*, Dhaka, 1976
- Karim, A.K.M. Nazmul. *The Dynamics of Bangladeshi Society*, Dhaka, 1980
- Desai, A.R. *Social Background of Indian Nationalism*, 4th edition Bombay, 1966
- Cunningham, A. *Archaeological Survey of India*, Vol. XV, Delhi, 1969
- Mukherjee. R.K. *The Dynamics of Rural Society*, Berlin, 1947
- Bmj vg, gvingyv. mlgwRK BwZnifmi cUfvgKv, XvKv, 1977*
- hvkwi qv, Av.K.g. ejsj vt`tki cZm`c`, XvKv, 1984*

Course: IHC 305

Arabic Language, Part II

(This course is not offered during this semester)

Course: IHC 306

Persian Language, Part II

(This course is not offered during this semester)

Sixth Semester

(All the courses are compulsory. All the courses are of 4 credits, equivalent to 100 marks in numerical grades.)

Course: IHC 307

History of the Ottomans

Outline:

Origin– rise of Ottomans–Uthman the founder–Orkhan–the Janissaries–Murad I–Bayazid–conquest and clash– Muhammad I– Murad II– the Battle of Verna–Muhammad II –conquest of Constantinople– Bayazid II– Relation with Mamluks and Safavids –Selim I– Battle of Marj-i Dabiq and Raydaniyah– Sulayman the Magnificent– Beginning of Decline of Ottomans– Kuprili Wazirs– Eastern Question– Treaty of Kutchuk Kainardji– Selim-III: His reforms– Mahmud II: westernization, relation with Serbian, Greek and Egyptian provinces– Abdul Majid I–Tanzimat–Millet System– Capitulation–the Crimean War– Abdul Aziz– Murad V– Abdul Hamid II– Treaty of San Stefano– Congress of Berlin– Constitutional Movement– Young Turks– Ottomanism– Pan Islamism– Pan Turkanism– Muhammad VI– The Balkan League– The Balkan Wars– The First World War and Ottoman Turkey– Treaty of Sevres– Nationalist Movement– Treaty of Lausanne– Abdul Majid II– Rise of Mustafa Kamal– Abolition of Sultanate and Ottoman Khilafat– Society, Culture Administration, Army, Judiciary, Economic System and Foreign Policy

Reading List:

- Creasy, E.S. *History of the Ottoman Turks*, London, 1956
- Ekram, Selma. *Turkey Old and New*, New York, 1974
- Fraser. *Turkey Ancient and Modern*, Edinburgh, 1854
- Gibb, H.A.R. *Muhammadanism- An Historical Survey*, London, 1949
- Imamuddin, S.M. *Modern History of the Middle East and North Africa*, Dhaka, 1960
- Inalcik, Halil. *The Ottoman Empire: The Classical Age (1300-1600)*, New York, 1973
- Jacob, Samuel. *History of the Ottoman Empire*, London, 1954
- Lane Poole, Stanely. *Turkey*, Beirut, 1966

Lewis, G. *Turkey*, London, (3rd edition), 1965
 Lord Eversley. *The Turkish Empire*, Lahore, 1959
 Thornburg, Max Weston. *Turkey*, London, 1984
 Price, Philips. *A History of Turkey (from Empire to Republic)*, London, 1956
 Shaw, Stanford J. *History of the Ottoman Empire and Modern Turkey*, London, Reprint, 1978
 Smith, Wilfred Cantwell. *Islam in Modern History*, Princeton, 1957
 Spuler, Bertold. *The Muslim World- A Historical Survey*, Parts III-IV, Modern Times, Leiden, 1981
 Toyenbee and Kirkwood. *Turkey*, London, 1968
 Avnꣳꣳ, Avkiꣳd D'ib. ga'hꣳMi gꣳꣳꣳ g BwZnm, XvKv, 1976
 AvigvRvbx, BqinBqv. ga'cꣳP", AZxZ l eZgꣳvb (Abꣳꣳ: gꣳꣳꣳ Bbꣳg-Dj -nK), XvKv, 1978
 Kwꣳ i, Avꣳj. Zꣳꣳ' i BwZnm, XvKv, 1986
 Lvb, gꣳꣳꣳ Avj x AvmMi. AvꣳꣳK Zꣳꣳ' i BwZnm, XvKv, 1984
 tRvqvꣳ ꣳ, mꣳꣳDwꣳ' b. AvꣳꣳK ga'cꣳP", XvKv, (cꣳꣳꣳ) 2002

Course: IHC 308
History of Bengal (1576-1905)

Outline:

Part I : Bengal under the Mughals and the Nawabs
 Background – sources– geographical features
 Mughal conquest of Bengal–rise of 'Bara Bhuiyans of Bhati' under Isa Khan and Musa Khan–Islam Khan Chisti's role in subjugation of the Bhuiyans
 Bengal under Imperial Mughal rule-age of Subahdars : rise and fall of the Portuguese in Bengal–Mir Jumla and the events in Assam and Arakan, Shaista Khan, Ibrahim Khan
 The Nawabi rule: Murshid Quli Khan and the shifting of capital to Murshidabad–Alivardi Khan–European trading companies in Bengal–Sirajudoulah– Battle of Plassey: eclipse of independent Bengal.
Part II: Bengal under the Company and British Rule (upto 1905)

Battle of Plassey– Third battle of Panipat – Battle of Buxar– Grant of Diwani to English East India Company – Company`s territorial expansion – Land Revenue Policy upto 1793 – Permanent Settlement – Resumption Proceedings – Commercial, Judicial and Educational Policies of Company– Peasant Revolution– Faqir Majnu Shah– Shah Wali Ullah and his followers – Wahhabi Movement – Faraizi Movement – Indian Revolt – Fall of Muslim Aristocracy
 The Great Indian Revolt – Beginning of British Imperial Rule – Rejuvenation of Muslim community – Nawab Abdul Latif – Syed Ameer Ali– Karamat Ali – Munshi Muhammad Meherullah– Partition of Bengal – Simla Deputation – Muslim Nationalism– formation of Muslim League – Swadeshi & Boycott Movement – Annulment of Partition

Reading List:

Ahmad, Qiyamuddin. *The Wahabi Movement in Bengal Frontier*, California, 1993
 Ahmad, Rafiuddin. *The Bengal Muslims*, Delhi, 1976
 Ahmed, A.F. *Salauddin. Social Ideas And Social Change in Bengal (1815-35)*, Leiden, 1965
 Ahmed, *Sufia. Muslim Community in Bengal*, Reprint, Dhaka, 1974
 Akanda, Latifa. *Social History of the Muslim Bengal*, Dhaka, 1986
 Akhtaruzzaman, Dr. Md. *Society and Urbanisation in Medieval Bengal*, Dhaka, 2009
 Eaton. R.M. *The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier*, California, 1993
 Gordon, L.A. *Bengal A Nationalist Movement*, New Delhi, 1979
 Gupta, B.K. *Siraj-ud-Daula And The East India Company (1756-57)*, Leiden, 1962
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 Hunter, W.W., *The Indian Musalmans*, London, 1922
 Huq, Enamul (ed.). *Nawab Bahadur Abdul Latif in his writings and related documents*, Dhaka, 1968
 Islam, Sirajul. *The Permanent Settlement*, Dhaka, 1979
 Islam, Sirajul (ed.). *History of Bangladesh*, 3 Vols. Dhaka. 1991

Karim, K.M. *The Provinces of Bihar and Bengal under Shah Jahan*, Dhaka, 1974

Kaviraj, Nara Hari. *Wahabi Movements*, New Delhi, 1982

Khan, Akbar Ali. *The Discovery of Bangladesh*, Dhaka, 1993

Khan, Muinuddin Ahmad. *History of the Faraidi Movement in Bengal*, Karachi, 1965

Long, J.R. (ed.). *Adams Report and the Education of Bengal*, Calcutta, 1940.

Mallick, A.R. *British Policy And the Muslims in Bengal (1757-1856)*, Dhaka, 1961.

Neogy A.K. *The Partition of Bengal*, New Delhi, 1987

Qureshi, Ishtiaq Husain. *The Muslim Community of the Indo-Pak sub-continent*, The Hague, 1962

Rahim, M.A. *The Muslim Society and Politics In Bengal (1757-1947)*, Dhaka, 1978

Ray, Benoy. *Religious Movement in Modern Bengal*, Calcutta, 1965

Roy Chowdhury. Tapan, *Bengal Under Akbar and Jahangir*, Calcutta, 1953

Sarkar, Sumit. *The Swadeshi Movement in Bengal, 1903-08*, New Delhi, 1973

Sinha, N.K. *Economic History of Bengal*, Vol. I, Calcutta, 1967

Анг, І. *Кітэ. Еубк кЗіК еіОмі гмі гібі іПШ іПЗбі аіі, 2q ЛД, ХіКі 1983*

Бмі г, імі іРј. *еісј і БіЗнім ЈсубтеікК кіmb КіVітgv, ХіКі, 1984*

Бмі г, імі іРј. *(м=іі`К). еісј і`ікі БіЗнім (1704-1971), 1g, 2q I 3q ЛД, ХіКі, 1993*

Кіі г, Аіе`ј. *еісј і БіЗнім (gNj Агј), 1g ЛД, ііRкіі, 1993*

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гјЛісв`іq, мјgq. *сОК сјікх еісј і міgііRК I Аіі_Р Rіeб (1700-1757 Літ), Кіі КіZі, 1982.*

ііng, Gg. G. *еісј і гмі гібі`і БіЗнім, Кіі КіZі 1986.*

Course: IHC 309

Development of Philosophy and Sects in Islam

Outline:

Muslim Philosophy: Internal and external sources—Al-Kindi—Al-Farabi—Ibn Miskawaih—Ibn Sina—Ibn Rushd—Al-Razi—Ibn Tofail—Ibn Bajja—Ibn Hazm.

Sufism: Principal Sufi Orders—Internal and external sources—Fundamental Tenants of Sufism- Hasan al-Basri—Dhunnun al-Mirsi—Imam Gazzali—Muhiuddin Ibn Al-Arabi— Maulana Jalaluddin Rumi—Iqbal—Sufism in Bengal.

Sects: Kharijites— Shi'ites— Jabarites— Qadarites— Murjites— Mutazilites— Asharites— Qarmatians-Assassins— Ikhwan-us-Safa.

Reading List:

Affifi, A.E. *Mystical Philosophy of Ibn al-Arabi*, Lahore, 1979

Arberry, A.J. *Doctrine of the Sufis*, Cambridge, 1935

Arnold, Thomas. *The Legacy of Islam*, Oxford, 1959

Attar, *Farid al-Deen. Muntiq al-Tayr* (Persian Mysticism, tr. into English by Banki Behari), Lahore. n.d.

Bhargava, K.D. *A Survey of Islamic Culture and Institutions*, Allahabad, 1981

De Boer, A. *The History of Philosophy in Islam*, London, 1933

Hai, S.A. *Muslim Philosophy*, Dhaka, 1982

Haq, M. *Enamul. Sufism in Bengal*, Dhaka, 1975

Iqbal, Muhammad. *Development of Metaphysics in Persia*, Lahore, (Reprint) 1964

Iqbal, Muhammad. *Reconstruction of Religious Thought in Islam*, New Delhi, (Reprint) 1984

Khuda Baksh, S. *Contributions to the History of Islamic Civilization*, Vol. II, Calcutta, 1930

Khuda Baksh, S. *Politics in Islam*, Lahore, 1948

- Macdonald, D.B. *The Religious Attitude and Life in Islam*, Chicago, 1909
- Macdonald, D.B. *Development of Muslim Theology, Jurisprudence and Constitutional Theory*, London, 1903
- Nicholson, R.A. *Mystics of Islam*, London, 1914
- Nicholson, R.A. *Studies in Islamic Mysticism*, Cambridge, 1921
- Rahman, Syedur. *An Introduction to Islamic Culture and Philosophy*, Dacca, 1970
- Shariff, M. M. (ed.). *History of Muslim Philosophy*, 2 Vols. Delhi, 1989
- Wensinck, W. *The Muslim Creed*, Cambridge, 1932
- Aij g, i kx`j. gnyij g `k#bi fvgKv, XvKv, 1989*
- Bmj vg, Avngbj. gnyij g agZÉ;I `k#, XvKv, 2005*
- Bmj vg, Avngbj. gnyij g `k# I ms`uZ, XvKv, 2001*
- Bmj vg, Avngbj. Bmj vg ag@I gnyij g `k#, XvKv, 1995*

Course: IHC 310

Principles of Political Organization with Special Reference to the Political Systems of U.K., U.S.A., U.S.S.R., India and Bangladesh

Outline :

Forms of state and government: Traditional Classification of Government according to Aristotle; Criticism of the Traditional Classification of Government—Modern Classification of Government: Parliamentary and Presidential; Democracy and Dictatorship; Unitary and Federal Governments— Organs of Government: Theory of Separation of Powers: Legislature, Executive, Judiciary and Electorate— Constitution: nature, forms and characteristics of a good constitution; Bureaucracy, Political Parties – Public Opinion, UNO

UK:

Nature and Characteristics of the English Constitution— Conventions, Monarchy, Prime Minister, Parliament and Cabinet—Political Parties, Bureaucracy

USA:

Features of the US Political System—the Presidency, the Congress, Judiciary and Political Parties, Bureaucracy

USSR:

Features of the Soviet Political System— the Legislature, Executive and Judiciary— Political Party, Democratic Centralism— Recent Changes in the former USSR Political System

India:

Land and People— The Indian Nationalist Movement: Foundation of the Indian National Congress— The Indian Political System: President, The Prime Minister and Parliament, Political Parties and Bureaucracy

Bangladesh:

Brief History— Liberation War and Emergence of Bangladesh— Parliamentary System under the 1972 Constitution: Nature and Working, Systematic change in 1975 and the subsequent events and developments— The Zia and Ershad Regime— the Civilianization Process— Amendments of the constitution— the Khaleda Zia and Hasina regime and political developments— Political Parties and the Caretaker Governments— Bureaucracy

Reading List:

- Aggarwala, R.N. *National Movement and Constitutional Development of India*, Delhi, 1967
- Ahamed, Emajuddin. *Bangladesh Politics (Collection of Articles)* Dhaka, 1980
- Ahmed, A.F. Salahuddin and Chowdhury. Bazlul Mobin (edited). *Bangladesh: National Culture and Heritage*, Dhaka, 2004
- Ahmed, Nizam. *Non-Party Caretaker Government in Bangladesh Experience and Prospect*, Dhaka, 2004
- Bagehot, Walter. *The English Constitution*, New York, 1936

Barrington, Moore Jr. *Soviet Politics- The Dilemma of Power: A Study of the Rule and Ideas in Social Change*, Cambridge, 1950

Beard, C. A. *American Government and Politics*, New York, 1928

Bhuiyan, Md. A.W. *Emergence of Bangladesh and Role of Awami League*, New Delhi, 1982

Garner, J.W. *Political Science and Government*, Calcutta, 1951

Gopal, S. *British Policy in India*, Cambridge, 1965

Jahan, Rounaq. *Pakistan: Failure in National Integration*, New York, 1972

Jahan, Rounaq. *Bangladesh Politics: Problems and Issues*, Dhaka, 1980

Jennings, Sir Ivor. *Cabinet Government*, New York, 1951

Laski, H.J. *Parliamentary Government in England*, New York, 1938

Laski, H.J. *A Grammar of Politics*, London, 1932.

Mackenzie, R.J. *British Political Parties*, London, 1964

Maniruzzaman, Talukder. *The Bangladesh Revolution and Its Aftermath*, Dhaka, 1988

Maniruzzaman, Talukder. *The Politics of Development: The Case of Pakistan 1947-1958*, Dhaka, 1980

Maniruzzaman, Talukder. *Politics and Security of Bangladesh*, Dhaka, 1994

Munro, W.B. *Government of the United States*, New York, 1925

Munro, W.B. *The Governments of Europe*, New York, 1954

Rashid, Harun-or. *The Foreshadowing of Bangladesh: Bengal Muslim League and Muslim Politics 1906-1947*, Dhaka, (Revised and enlarged edition) 2003

Rodee, C.C. et.al. *Introduction to Political Science*, New York, 1983

Scott, D.J.R. *Russian Political Institutions*, London, 1958

Strong, C.F. *Modern Political Constitutions*, London, 1949

Wheare, K.C. *Modern Constitutions*, London, 1966

William, Goodman. *The Two- Party System in the United States*, New York, 1964

Woll, Peter. *American Bureaucracy*, Norton, 1963

Ziriug, Lawrence. *Bangladesh From Mujib to Ershad: An Interpretive Study*, Dhaka, 1992

ফকির, তগর. *আব্বাসী ই কবি`য়: ইব্বাৎ গ`জের` I msMVb, XvKv, 2007*

ফকির, তগর. *আব্বাসী ই কবি`য়: আব্বাসী ইব্বাৎ গ`জের` : ZÉj I ev`leZv, XvKv, 2004*

নূরুজ্জামান, আব্বাসী. *আব্বাসী ই কবি`য়: ম`উক` মসী` BvZnm, XvKv, 2005*

নূরুজ্জামান, আব্বাসী. *ইতিহাস`ম তনু`ম. হ`ই আব্বাসী ইব্বাৎ গ`জের`, XvKv, 1995*

Seventh Semester

(All the courses are compulsory. All the courses are of 4 credits, equivalent to 100 marks in numerical grades.)

Course: IHC 401

Muslim Minorities in the Contemporary World

Outline :

Introduction :

Islam as a growing religion: Theories of migration, race, ethnicity and culture– religious minority and diasporic society

Muslims in Europe:

Introduction and spread of Islam in Europe

Formation of Muslim communities in Europe: Early Muslim communities–conversion to Islam; Muslim migration in colonial and post-colonial times– living conditions, religious institutions and community organisations

Islam and politics in Europe: government policies and the legal system in the UK and France – European Union's foreign policy– 'The War on Terrorism' (?)

Muslims in North America:

Islam in the USA: migration of Muslims to America– Changes in the US legal system and Muslim community in the USA –Muslim religious groups and movements in the USA

Muslims in Canada and the West Indies

Muslim Minorities in Asia and Africa

Myanmar: history of the Rohingyas and their current problems

Muslims in Sri Lanka, Nepal and China

Recent labour migration and Muslim communities in East Asia: Japan, Korea and Singapore

Muslims in South Africa

Reading List:

Hunter, Shireen T. (Editor). *ISLAM: Europe's Second Religion*, London, 2002

Nielsen, Jorgen S. *Muslims in Western Europe*, Edinburgh, 2004
Nielsen, Jorgen S. and Stefano Allievi (ed.). *Muslim Networks and Transnational Communities in and across Europe*, Leiden, 2003

Ramadan, Tariq. *Western Muslims and the Future of Islam*, Oxford, 2003

Ramadan, Tariq. *To Be a European Muslim*, Leicester, 1999

Svenberg, Ingvar and Westerlund, David. *Islam Outside the Arab World*, Richmond, 1999

Matar, Nabil. *Islam in Britain 1558-1685*, Cambridge, 1998

Saeed, Edward. *Orientalism: the Western Concept of Orient*, New York, 1979

Smith, Jane. *Islam in America*, Columbia, 2000

Israeli, Raphael. *Islam in China: Religion, Ethnicity, Culture and Politics*, New York, 2002

Course: IHC 402

History of the Muslims of South East Asia (Upto 1824)

Outline:

Sources of early history of South East Asia–Location & Significance–The Non-Islamic background & Sino-Indian influences–Early Trade Communication & the Muslim Maritime trade in South East Asia–The Advent & spread of Islam–China in Southeast Asia–The Malacca Sultanate (1402-1511): Establishment–Rise of Malacca as a mercantile Kingdom & as a regional power–Reasons for its rapid rise–Malacca's territorial expansion–Foreign policy (Malacca-China relations, Malacca-Siam relations) Malacca-Bengal trade relations–Malacca's Maritime trade–Malacca as a Diffusion centre of Islam–Government and Politics of Malacca Sultanate–Socio-cultural life –Decline & fall.European penetration: The Portuguese–the Spaniards in the Philippines–The Dutch & the VOC–The British East India company–the Anglo-Dutch Treaty of 1824–Culture System–Islam in the Philipines and Brunei

Reading List:

- Allen, Richard, *A Short Introduction to the History and Politics of South East Asia*, New York, 1972.
- Andaya, Barbara Watson and Andaya, Leonard, *A History of Malaysia*, London, 1988.
- Bastin, John (ed.), *The Emergence of Modern South East Asia. 1511-1957*, New York, 1967.
- Beri, K.K. *History and Culture of South East Asia (Modern)*, New Delhi, 1994.
- Cady, John F., *South East Asia: Its Historical Development*, New York, 1964.
- David Jenkins, *Suharto and his generals: Indonesian military politics, 1975-1983*, SEAP Publications, 1984.
- Donald K. Emmerson, *Indonesia beyond Suharto: polity, economy, society, transition*, M.E. Sharpe, 1999.
- Gordon P. Means, *Malaysian Politics*, London: Hodder & Stoughton, 1976.
- Hall, D.G.E., *A History of South East Asia*, New York: The Macmillan Press Ltd, 1981 (Reprinted)
- Harrison, Brian, *South East Asia -A Short History*, London, 1963.
- J. Benda, Harry and A Larkin, John, *The World of South East Asia*, New York, 1967.
- John Bastin and Harry J. Benda, *A History of Modern Southeast Asia: Colonialism, Nationalism and Decolonization*, New York, 1968.
- Kennedy, J.M.A., *A History of Malaya (A.D. 1400-1959)*, Macmillan, London, 1967.
- Leur, J.C. Van, *Indonesian Trade and Society*, The Hague, 1967.
- Mahathir Bin Mohammad, Dato' Seri, *Malay Dilemma*, Singapore, 1979.
- Robert Edward Elson, *Suharto: a political biography*, Cambridge University Press, London, 2001.
- Sardesai, D.R., *South East Asia: Past & Present*, Delhi, 1981.
- Stephen, R. Milne, Diane K. Mauzy, *Malaysian politics under Mahathir*, Routledge, New York, 1999.

- Stewart, Ian, *The Mahathir legacy: a nation divided, a region at risk*, Allen & Unwin, London, 2003.
- Tarling, Nicholas, (ed.), *The Cambridge History of South East Asia*, vol- I, (From early Times to c.1800), Cambridge University Press, 1992.
- Tregonning, K.G., *A History of Modern Malaya*, Singapore, 1964.
- Vatikiotis, Michael R. J. *Indonesian politics under Suharto: order, development, and pressure for change*, Taylor & Francis, 1993.
- Vlekke, Bernard H.M., *Nusantara- A History of Indonesia*, The Hague, 1965.
- Williams, Lea E, *South East Asia: A History*, New York, 1976
- Winstedt, Richard, *Malaya and its History*, London, 1966.
- Zainuddin, Ailsa, M.A., B. Ed., *A Short History of Indonesia*, Sydney, 1968.
- আবম্বিক্স, গুণি, ইন্দোনেশিয়া ও মালয়েশিয়ার ঐতিহাসিক ক্রমবিকাশ, *বিস্জি v GKtWgx, XvKv-1993*
- তম্ব, রনি, *ইন্দোনেশিয়া ও মালয়েশিয়ার ঐতিহাসিক ক্রমবিকাশ*, *বিস্জি v GKtWgx, XvKv-1993*

Course: IHC 403 History of Muslim Administration

Outline:

Part I : Muslim Administration during the Khilafat

Background—Pre-Islamic Political Institutions—al-Mala : the city state of Mecca, Arab Tribal System—Arab Administration under Prophet (sm) and Khulafa-i-Rashidun: Charter of Madinah—Sovereignty in Islam—Majlis-us-Shurah—Civil, Military, Judicial and Revenue administration under the Prophet

Concept of Khilafat and mode of succession—Administrative system under Khulafa-i-Rashidun, Central & Provincial Administration—Administration under the Umayyads: Central

and Provincial government—various Diwans—Administrative reforms of Umar II—Development of Arab Navy—Mawali—Zimmi Administration under Abbasids: Nature of administration—Wazarat—Central and Provincial government—Army—various Diwans: Judiciary—Revenue—Shurtah—Hisbah—Development of Arab Navy

Part II : Muslim Administration in India

Sources—Relation of Delhi Sultans with the Caliphs—actual sovereign Sultan—Royal household—Central Administration; Finance and Revenue—Military Organization—Judiciary—Police Organization—Provincial and local administration—Mughal central administration—Emperor—power and functions—Royal Insignia—finance and land revenue—Military administration—Mansabdari System—Judicial administration—Provincial and local government

Reading List:

- Aghnides, N.P. *Mohammadan Theories of Finance*, Lahore, 1961
Al-Baladhuri. Al-Futuh-al-Buldan (tr. into English by P.K. Hitti), New York, 1966
- Arnold, T.W. *The Caliphate*, Oxford, 1974
- Aziz. A. *The Mansabdari System and the Mughal Army*, Allahabad, 1941
- Barakatullah, Mohammad. *The Khilafat*, Dhaka, 1970
- Bhargava, K.D. *Survey of Muslim Culture and Institutions*, Allahabad, 1981
- Habib, Irfan. *Agrarian System of Mughal India*, London, 1963
- Habib, Irfan. *An Atlas of the Mughal Empire*, Delhi, 1982
- Hamidullah, M. *Muslim Conduct of State*, Lahore, 1958
- Hamidullah, M. *Rasul-i-Akram ki Siyasi Zindigi*, Karachi, 1961
- Hitti, P.K. *History of the Arabs*, (7th ed.), London, 1961
- Hussaini, S.A.Q. *Administration under the Mughals*, Lahore, 1952
- Hussaini, S.A.Q. *The Constitution of Arab Empire*, Lahore, 1959
- Hussaini, S.A.Q. *Arab Administration*, Lahore, 1956
- Ibn Hasan. *Central Structure of Mughal Empire*, London, 1936

- Ibn Hawqal. *Al-Masalik Wal Mamalik*, Leiden, 1938
- Ibn Ishaq. *Sirat-i-Rasul Allah*, Oxford, 1955
- Imamuddin, S.M. *Arab Muslim Administration*, Karachi, 1976
- Khuda Bakhsh, S. *Politics in Islam*, Lahore, 1948
- Moreland, W.H. *Agrarian System of Mughal India*, Cambridge, 1929
- Qureshi, I.H. *Mughal Administration*, Allahabad, 1936
- Qureshi, I.H. *Administration of the Sultanate of Delhi*, London, 1965
- Saran, P. *The Provincial Government of the Mughals*, Allahabad, 1941
- Sarkar, J.N. *Mughal Administration*, Calcutta, 1920
- Siddiqui, S.A. *Public Finance in Islam*, Lahore, 1952
- Tripathy, R.P. *Some Aspects of Muslim Administration*, Allahabad, 1950
- Watt, W. M. *Muhammad at Mecca*, Oxford, 1953
- Watt, W. M. *Muhammad at Medina*, Oxford, 1956
- Ajixg, G.tK.Gg. Avāy. Fvi tZ gnyij g kumb e'e vi BwZnm, XvKv, 1976*
- Lvb, আলী আসগর ও অন্যান্য. মুসলিম প্রশাসন ব্যবস্থার ক্রমবিকাশ, রাজশাহী, 1979*

Course: IHC 404 Women and Islam

Outline:

- Gender and Sex
- Gender in Quran and Hadith: Equality as believer, status in marriage, inheritance, hijab (purdah)
- Women and Islamic family laws vis-a-vis constitutional rights (case study: Bangladesh)—CEDAW (Convention for the Elimination of all Discrimination Against Women) : a UN Convention
- Construction of ideal womanhood in popular Islamic literature: behaviour books (Beheshti Zewar)

Women in Islamic History (Bibi Khadija, Hazrat Ayesha, Hazrat Fatema, Zainab, Sakina, Rabeya Basri, prominent personalities in Sultanate and Mughal India)

Women in Muslim Societies

Muslim women in war, politics, administration and other professions –sectarian attitude towards Muslim women's participation in politics

Non-Muslim women in Muslim majority states

Representation of Women in Media

Education and Muslim Women: Nawab Faizunnesa, Fazilat un-Nesa, Mamlukul Fatema Khanam, Mahmuda Khatun Siddiqua, Shamsunnahar Mahmud, Rokeya Sakhawat Hossain

Islamic Feminism

Reading List:

Ahmed, Laila. *Women and Gender in Islam*, London, 1992

Ahmed, Laila. *For Ourselves: Women Reading the Qur'an (Women Living Under Muslim Laws)*, n.p.1997

Begum Rokeya. *Sultana's Dream, Reprint*, Dhaka, 2001

Cambridge Biographical Dictionary, Cambridge, 2006

Hashmi, Taj. *Women and Islam in Bangladesh: Beyond Subjection and Tyranny*, New York, 2000

Keddie, Nikki R, and Beth Baron, (ed.). *Women in Middle Eastern History: Shifting Boundaries in Sex and Gender*, New York, 1991

Mernissi, Fatema. *Beyond the Veil: Male Female Dynamics in Muslim Society*, London, 1985

Mernissi, Fatema. *Women and Islam : An Historical and Theological Enquiry*, (tr. by Mary Jo Lakeland), Oxford, 1992

Metcalf, Barbara Daly. *Perfecting Women : Maulana Ashraf Ali Thanawi's Behisti Zewar: A partial translation with commentary*, California, 1990

Roded, Ruth. *Women in Islamic Biographical Collections: From Ibn Sa'd to Who's Who*, Colorado, 1994

Wadud, Amina. *Quran and Women*, Kuala Lumpur, 1992

Wadud, Amina. *Women and the Quran : Re-reading the sacred text from a women's Perspective*, 2nd ed., New York, 1999

কবি, আঁজ (মঐচি`ক). তিঐককি i Pbej x, মঐচি`বিq আঁজ গিবুb ঐmq` I Ab`ib`, XvKv, 1999

nK, গুদ`j. bvi xgyb i cii_Kr., XvKv, 2006

Eighth Semester

(All the courses are compulsory. All the courses are of 4 credits, equivalent to 100 marks in numerical grades.)

Course: IHC 405 Modern Muslim World and Globalization

Outline:

Part I: Modern Muslim World

Impact of World War on the Ottoman Sultanate– Kamal Pasha– Turkey after Kamal Pasha

Invasion of Egypt by Napoleon Bonaparte– Muhammad Ali Pasha and his successors– British occupation of Egypt– Independence Movement of Egypt– Gamal Abdul Naser– Egypt after Naser

Mandatory rule in Middle-East– Establishment of the state of Israel– Arab-Israel wars and agreements– P.L.O. – Fattah– Hamas– Emergence and development of the Saudi Arabia, Syria, Lebanon, Yemen and the Gulf states– Independence movement of Iraq– 1958 revolution of Iraq– Saddam Hossain– Gulf Wars– Liberation movements and development of the state of Sudan, Libya, Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco and other Muslim state of Africa

Persia under the Kazar rule– Pahlavi era– Islamic revolution– Iran after the revolution

Afghanistan under the Barakhzais– Republican Afghanistan– Soviet occupation and Afghan resistance– emergence of the Taliban

Part II : Islam and Globalization

Globalization– racism and globalization– Muslims and contemporary world politics: 'War on Terrorism' (?)– Western projection of Muslims as terrorists– problems and remedies

Islam and Nationalism: Transnationalism in Islam– Cultural pluralism and Islam– Islam and democracy: Western perceptions and Islamic views – The Jihad– Fundamentalism– Orientalism

Modern economic theories and Islam : Capitalism– Socialism– Communism– Recent Movements in Islam: Wahabism– Ahl-i-

Hadith (Salafiyah) movement– Pan-Islamism– Ikhwan-al-Muslemin– Sanusi Movement– Bahaism– Babi Movement– Ahmadiyyah (Qadiani) Movement – Muhammadiyyah Movement
The role of world, regional and Islamic organizations: African Union, Arab League, ASEAN, D-8, EU, GCC, IDB, IMF, OIC, OPEC, SAARC, WTO, World Bank, UNO

Reading List:

Ahmed, Feroz. *The Making of Modern Turkey*, London, 1994

Binnaz, Toprak. *Islam and Political Development in Turkey*, Leiden, 1984

Bullard, R. *The Middle East*, Oxford University Press, London, 1998

Deen Muhammad. *Islam in North America*, Chicago, U.S.A. 1988

Dickson, H.R.P. *Kuwait and Her Neighbours*, London, 1965

Encyclopedia of Twentieth Century, New York, 2004

Francis, R. (ed.). *Encyclopaedia of the Middle East*, n.d.

Frye, R.N. *Islam and the West*, The Hague, 1956

Gaschere, Peter. *Globalization and the Power of Indeterminate Means*, Dakar, 1997

Gibb, H.A.R. *Modern Trends in Islam*, London, 1946

Holt, P.M. (ed.). *Political and Social Change in Modern Egypt*, London, 1968

Hourani, A.H. *Syria and Lebanon*, London, 1958

Imamuddin, S.M. *A Modern Political History of the Middle East and North Africa*, Vol. I. & II, Dhaka, 1968

Iqbal, M. *The Reconstruction of Religious Thought in Islam*, New Delhi, 1984

Jameela, M. *Islam and Modernism*, London, 1958

Kegley, Charles W. *Global Agenda*, New York, 2002

Lenczowski, George. *Middle East in the World Affairs*, U.S.A. 1962

Lewis, B. *The Emergence of Modern Turkey*, London, 1961

Macfie, A.L. *Ataturk*, Ankara, 1982

Mazharuddin, S. *Modern Reformist Thought in the Muslim World*, Islamabad, 1982

- Mcbride, Stephen and John Wisener. *Globalization and Its Discontents*, London, 2000
- Nazih W. Ayubi. *Political Islam Religion and Politics in the Arab World*, New York & London, 1991
- Panikar, K. M. 'Culture and Globalization', in *Economic and Political Weekly*, New Delhi, 1995
- Parker, J.& C. Smith. *Modern Turkey*, London, 1940
- Price, M. Philips. *A History of Turkey*, London, 1956
- Ray, Maghroobi. *Globalization versus Realism*, Boulder, 1996
- Rivlin, B & S. Joseph, (ed.). *The Contemporary Middle East*, New York, 1956
- Robertson, Ronald. *Globalization: Social Theory and Global Culture*, London, 1992
- Spuler, B. *The Muslim World, Vol. IV*, Leiden, 1969
- Spuler, Bertold. *The Muslim World- A Historical Survey*, Parts III-IV, Modern Times. Leiden, 1981
- Stiglitz, E. Joseph. *Making Globalization*, New York, 2005
- Sykes, Percy. *A History of Afghanistan*, New Delhi, 1981
- Avbmi x, ggv. AvaybK ugmfi i HuznvmK weKvk avi v, XvKv, 1997*
- Kvfi i, tgv Ave`j. Zzf-i Buznm, 1g LD, XvKv, 1986*
- fRvqv`f, mvdDwi`b. AvaybK ga`cUP` 1g I 2q LD, XvKv, 1978, 1987*
- f`te`? fKSkK. AvaybK ga` Gvkqv, gf`v, 1970*

Course: IHC 406

Title: Bangladesh Studies Since 1905

Outline:

Introduction to Bangladesh-Partition of Bengal and its annulment –All India Muslim League–Socio-Cultural Movements–Constitutional developments: Acts of 1909, 1919 and 1935–Political Movements: Lucknow Pact–Khilafat and Non-Cooperation Movement, Bengal Pact, Elections of 1937–The Lahore Resolution and Pakistan Movement–Birth of India and Pakistan.

The Language Movement– Developmen of Political parties : Muslim League, Krishak-Proja Party (KSP), Awami League, Communist Party–Election of 1954–Constitutional developments: Basic democracy–Studnet movement of 1962–The Six-Point Demands–Mass Upsurge of 1969–Liberation Movement and War of Independence–Birth of Bangladesh–Political and Constitutional Developments–Economic and Foreign Policies Cultural Movements–Language and Literature– Art and Architecture–Painting and Sculpture–Music–Theatre–Festivals–Sports and Games–Population Growth–Rural and Urban Expansion–Tourism, Media and Communication–Security–Agriculture–Religion

Reading List:

- Ahmed, A.F. Salahuddin. *History and Heritage*, Dhaka, 2007
- Ahmed, A.F. Salahuddin and Chowdhury, Bazlul Mobin (edited), *Bangladesh: National Culture and Heritage*, Dhaka, 2004
- Ahmed, Sufia. *Muslim Community in Bengal*, Dhaka, 2002
- Ahmed, Moudud. *Bangladesh Era of Sheikh Mujibur Rahman*, Dhaka, 1991.
- Ahmed, Rafiuddin. *The Bengal Muslims*, Delhi, 1976
- Alam, Abu Yusuf. *Muslims and Bengal Politics, 1912-1924*, Kolkata, 2006
- Broomfield, J.H. *Elite Conflict in a Plural Society*, California, 1968
- Chatterjee, Joya. *Bengal Divided, Hindu Communalism and Partition 1932-1947*, Cambridge 1995

Chowdhury, Mahfuzul H. *Thirty Years of Bangladesh Politics*, Dhaka, 2002

Gopal, Ram. *Indian Muslim: A Political Study*, Bombay, 1954

Haider, Mohammad Tawfiqul. *Muslim Intellectual Movement of East Bengal (1926-38)*, Unpublished Ph.D. Thesis, Dhaka, 2006

Islam, Sirajul, (ed.). *History of Bangladesh 1704-1971*, Volume, I, II & III, Dhaka, 1997

Jahan, Rounaq. *Bangladesh Politics: Problems and Issues*, Dhaka, 1980

Jahan, Rounaq. *Pakistan Failure in National Integration*, Dhaka, Second Impression, 2001

Karim A.K. Nazmul. *The Dynamics of Bangladesh Society*, New Delhi, 1980

Kabir, Bhuiyan Md. Monwar. *Politics of Military Rule and the Dilemma of Democratization in Bangladesh*, New Delhi, 1999

Khan, Akbar Ali. *The Discovery of Bangladesh*, Dhaka, 1993

Khan, Azizur Rahman. *The Economy of Bangladesh*, London, 1972

Maniruzzaman, Talukder. *Politics and Security of Bangladesh*, Dhaka, 1994

Maniruzzaman, Talukder. *Bangladesh Revolution and Its Aftermath*, Dhaka, 2003

Muhith, A.M.A. *Bangladesh: Emergence of a Nation*, Dhaka, 1978

Neogy, A.K. *The Partition of Bengal*, New Delhi, 1987

Qureshi, I.H. *Muslim Community of Indo-Pakistan subcontinent*, The Hague, 1962

Rahim, A.M.A (ed.). *Bangladesh Economy Problems & Issues*, Dhaka, 1977

Rahim, M.A., *The Muslim Society and Politics in Bengal (1757-1947)*, Dhaka, 1978

Rahim, Enayatur. *Provincial Autonomy in Bengal, 1937-1943*, Dhaka, 1981

Rashid, Harun-or. *The Foreshadowing of Bangladesh, Bengal Muslim League & Muslim Politics 1906-1947*, Dhaka, (Revised & enlarged edition) 2003

Sarkar, Sumit. *The Swadeshi Movement in Bengal, 1903-08*, New Delhi, 1973

Sen, Sila. *Muslim Politics in Bengal, 1937-1947*, New Delhi, 1976

Umar, Badruddin. *Politics and Society in Bangladesh*, Dhaka, 1987

AvKvk, Gg.Gg. *evsj vt`tki A_`BmZ AZxZ-eZ@vb-fuelr, XvKv, 2004*

Awlbm`y`vgvb. g`nyj g gvbm I evsj v m`mnZ`, XvKv, 1964

Dgi, e`i`a`xb. ce`evsj vi fvlv Av`v`j b I ZrKvj xb ivRbmZ, XvKv, 1995

tMv`tgv, Kiazvgg. evsj v Mv`bi weeZB, XvKv, 2000

চক্রবর্তী, মৃদুলকান্তি. nvrvi eQtii evOj v Mib, XvKv, 1999

Rvnb, W. Gg`vb. evsj vt`tki `faxZv msMlg: BwZnm I msev`cI (1947-1971), XvKv, 2008

evibf, Gm.Gm. ce`evsj v : A_`BmZK Dbq`bi `enkó, XvKv, 2001

wek`m, mKzvi. evsj vt`tki bvU`PPP I bvU`Ki aviv, XvKv, 1998

wek`m, mKzvi. evsj vt`tki RvZxq bivU`irme, XvKv, 1998

g`yk`, tMvj vg. nvrvi eQtii evOvj ms`wZ, XvKv, 2000

ingvb, tgv. g`nevy. evsj vt`tki BwZnm (1947-1971), XvKv, 1999

nK, tL`v`Kvi mivRj. g`nyj g m`mnZ` mgvR, XvKv, 1976

nK, g`y`vt`sj. wek`m fvi`Zi kvmbZw`K BwZnm (1857-1947), XvKv, 1976

Course: IHC 407

Development of Muslim Art and Architecture

Outline:

Part I : Muslim Painting and Calligraphy

Introduction: Painting– its use– its place in history and civilization

Development of painting in Islam
 Islamic attitude towards pictorial art
 Origins of Muslim painting
 Subject matter– mural painting– manuscript illustration
 Schools of painting and their characteristics: Mesopotamian–
 Mongol– Ilkhanid– Jalayirid– Timurid and Safavid Schools
 Famous centres: Shiraz– Herat– Tabriz
 Eminent painters: Kamaluddin Bihzad– Ustad Muhammadi–
 Sultan Muhammad– Riza Abbasi
 Mughal school of Painting:
 a. Humayun.
 b. Akbar and Jahangir
 c. Decline of Mughal Court painting
 Rajput painting– Gujrat painting– Deccani painting– Pala
 painting– Murshidabad centre and birth of modern painting
 Calligraphy: Arabic Calligraphy–position of calligraphers in the
 society

Part II : Development of Muslim Architecture

Introduction of Art and Architecture
 Religious and Secular Architecture
 Architectural Terms
 Mosque Architecture:
 Mosque of Medina
 Mosque of Kufa
 Mosque of Fustat
 Great Mosque of Damascus
 Mosque of Samarr
 Mosque of Ahmed Ibn Tulun
 Mosque of Cordova
 Mosque of Sulaymania
 Quwatul Islam Mosque
 Saith Gumbad Mosque (Bagerhat)
 Lalbagh Fort Mosque (Dhaka)
 Dome of the Rock
 Palace of Qusayr Amra

Tombs:

Qubbatus Sulaibiya
 Taj Mahal
 Tomb of Pari Bibi

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Course: IHC 408

Muslim Historiography (Khilafat; Sultanate and Mughal India)

Outline:

A. Definition– Scope and Utility of historiography in general and Muslim historiography in particular; Factors responsible for the growth of consciousness of history among the Muslims: Influence of al-Quran, al- Hadith, Arab narrations– Epigraphic and Political heritage of pre-Islamic Arab in development of Muslim historiography: Khabar and genealogy – Maghazi– Sirah– Chronicle– Universal history– Dynastic and national history– Regional history

B. Some historians and their philosophy of history: Ibn Ishaq– Al-Waqidi – Al-Baladhuri – Al-Tabari – Al-Masudi – Ibn Khallikan – Ibn Khaldun – Ibn Miskawaih – Baihaqi – Rashiduddin – Abul Faraj Ishfahani –Characteristics of Muslim Historiography in

India: Indo-Muslim historiography– origin and growth–Leading historians in Medieval India– Khwaja Hasan Nizami– Minhajuddin Siraj–Zia-ud-din Barani– Shams-i-Siraj Afif– Ameer Khusrav–Ibn Battutah–Isami–Yahya bin Ahmed Sirhindi– Babur–Gulbadan Begum–Jawhar Aftabchi–Abul Fazl–Abdul Qadir Badauni–Abdul Hamid Lahori–Abbas Khan Sarwani– Ghulam Hussain Salim–Munshi Salimullah

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